



Traveler 3G

11n 3G Mobile Router

User's Manual





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1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

More and more people choose to use 3G technology because they can access Internet in anywhere and anytime, but they must plug in 3G dongle to laptop so no one else can also share the bandwidth. Now AirLive presents you a friendly concept of product, the AirLive Traveler 3G. It is a portable 3G router with slim size, light weight and rechargeable Li-ion battery, so you can easily carry it and share Internet bandwidth via Ethernet cable or high performance of 802.11n wireless connection.

While you work at home or a studio and used to connect Internet via xDSL, the AirLive Traveler 3G WAN fail-over function can also offer you a redundant WAN connection, and insure that user can keep on accessing Internet.

1.2 How to Use This Guide

The Traveler 3G is a portable wireless 3G router with many functions. It is recommended that you read through the entire user's guide whenever possible. The user guide is divided into different chapters. You should read at least go through the first 3 chapters before attempting to install the device.

Recommended Reading

- Chapter 2:** This chapter is about hardware installation. You should read through the entire chapter.
 - **2.1 Safety Information:** This section explains the safety information while you are using Traveler 3G. From safety information you will know the correct operating steps, and prevent from damaging your Traveler 3G.
 - **2.4 Getting Start:** This section explains how to charge battery before to use it.
- Chapter 3:** This chapter is about software installation. You should read through the entire chapter.
- Chapter 5:** This chapter is about basic configuration. You should read through the entire chapter.

1.3 Firmware Upgrade and Tech Support

If you encounter a technical issue that can not be resolved by information on this guide, we recommend that you visit our comprehensive website support at www.airlive.com. The tech support FAQ are frequently updated with latest information.

In addition, you might find new firmware that either increase software functions or provide bug fixes for Traveler 3G. You can reach our on-line support center at the following link: http://www.airlive.com/support/support_2.jsp

Since 2009, AirLive has added the “Newsletter Instant Support System” on our website. AirLive Newsletter subscribers receives instant email notifications when there are new download or tech support FAQ updates for their subscribed airlive models. To become an AirLive newsletter member, please visit: http://www.airlive.com/member/member_3.jsp

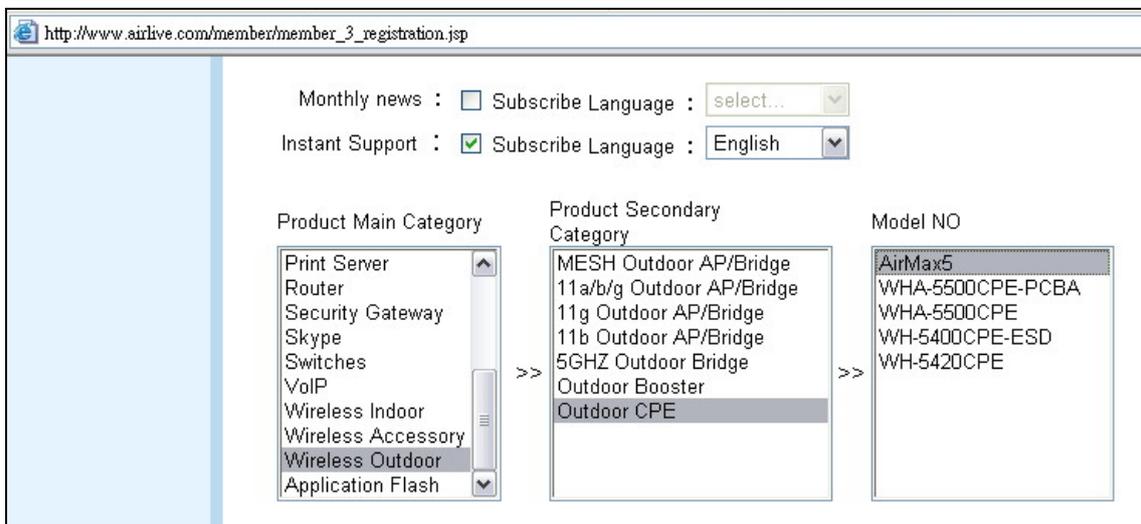


Figure: AirLive Newsletter Support System

1.4 Features

- High Internet Access throughput
- Allow multiple users to share a single Internet line
- Share a single Cable or xDSL internet connection
- Share 3G USB Cellular Modem
- LAN/WAN Port switchable (10/100M)
- Work with IEEE 802.11b/g/n wireless LAN capability
- Supports UMTS/HSDPA/EVDO cellular network device
- Support 3G and xDSL/Cable modem connection fail over
- Support DHCP (Server/Client) for easy IP-address setup
- Advanced network and security features like: Special Applications, QoS, DMZ, Virtual Servers, Access Control, Firewall
- Allow you to monitor the router's status like: DHCP Client Log, System Log, Security Log and Device/Connection Status, Modem Info
- Easy to use Web-based GUI for network configuration and management purposes
- Remote management function allows configuration and upgrades from a remote computer (over the Internet)
- Auto MDI / MDI-X function for all wired Ethernet ports

2

Installing the Traveler 3G

This section describes the hardware features and the hardware installation procedure for the Traveler 3G. For software configuration, please go to chapter 3 for more details.

2.1 Safety Information

It is important to read through this section before you install the Traveler 3G:

- This router is designed for indoor use only; DO NOT place this router outdoor.
- DO NOT put this router at or near hot or humid places, like kitchen or bathroom. Also, do not left this router in the car in summer.
- DO NOT pull any connected cable with force; disconnect it from the router first.
- If you want to place this router at high places or hang on the wall, please make sure the router is firmly secured. Falling from high places would damage the router and its accessories, and warranty will be void.
- Accessories of this router, like antenna and power supply, are danger to small children under 3 years old. They may put the small parts in their nose or month and it could cause serious damage to them. KEEP THIS ROUTER OUT THE REACH OF CHILDREN!
- The router will become hot when being used for long time (***This is normal and is not a malfunction***). DO NOT put this router on paper, cloth, or other flammable materials.
- There's no user-serviceable part inside the router. If you found that the router is not working properly, please contact your dealer of purchase and ask for help. DO NOT disassemble the router, warranty will be void.
- If the router falls into water when it's powered, DO NOT use your hand to pick it up. Switch the electrical power off before you do anything, or contact an experienced technician for help.
- If you smell something strange, or even see some smoke coming out from the router or power supply, remove the power supply or switch the electrical power off immediately, and call dealer of purchase for help.
- Always switch the device off before removing the battery.
- Use only battery and power adapter supplied with the product. The use of any other types may be dangerous.

2.2 System Requirements

- Internet connection, provided by xDSL or cable modem or 3G modem
- Computer or network devices with wired or wireless network interface card
- Web browser (*Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.0 or above, Netscape Navigator 4.7 or above, Opera web browser, or Safari web browser*)
- An available AC power socket (100 – 240V, 50/60Hz)

2.3 Package Content

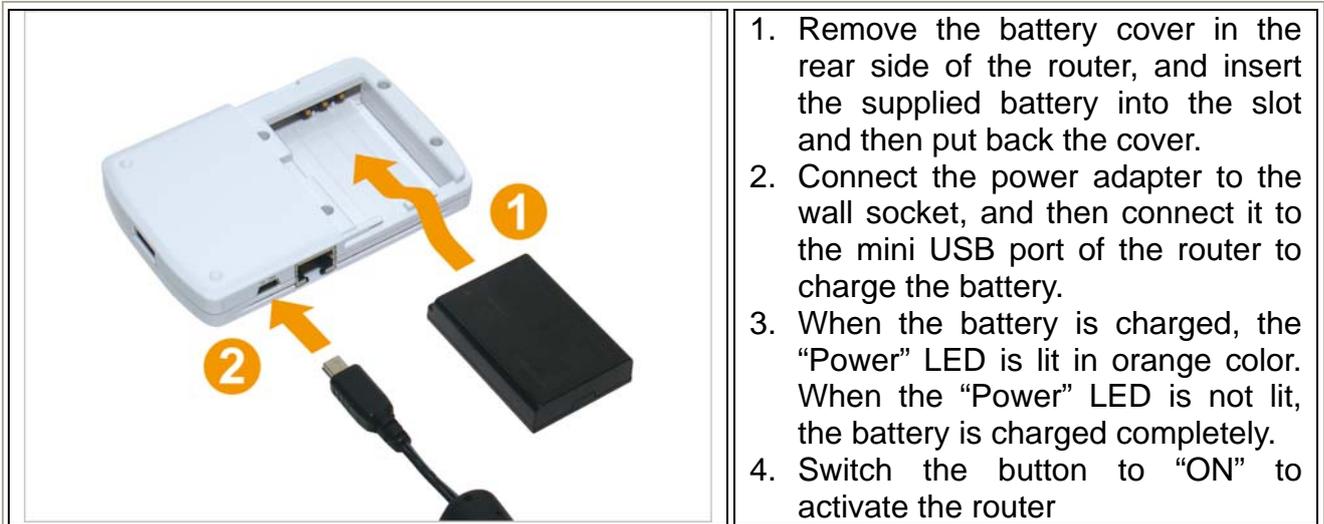
The Traveler 3G package contains the following items:

- One Traveler 3G main unit
- One 5V 2A DC power adapter
- User's Guide CD
- Quick Start Guide
- Rechargeable Battery



2.4 Getting Start

Before to use the AirLive Traveler 3G, please follow the instructions to charge the 3G router.



Warning:

1. Always switch the device off before removing the battery.
2. Use only battery and power adapter supplied with the product. The use of any other types may be dangerous.

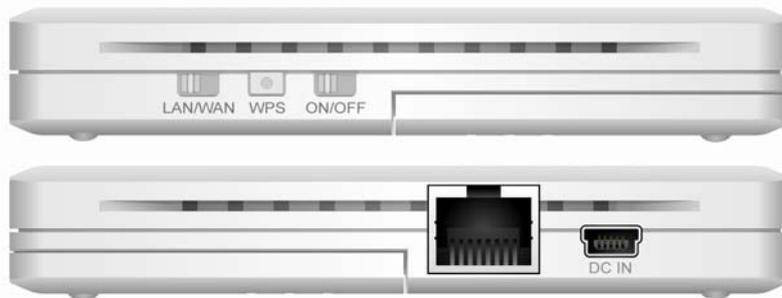
2.5 LED Table

Below are descriptions and diagrams of the product:



LED Name	Light Status	Description
<i>PWR / CHG</i>	Green On	Router is switched on and correctly powered or the battery is charged completely
	Orange On	The battery is charging
	Orange Flashing	Battery power is not enough, only 30 minutes remains
	Orange Flashing Fast	Battery power is not enough, only 10 minutes remains
	Off	Router is powered off
<i>WLAN</i>	Off	Wireless network is switched off
	Flashing	Wireless LAN activity (transferring or receiving data)
<i>WPS</i>	On	Wireless WPS function is enabled
	Off	Wireless WPS function is not enabled or the connection is successfully
<i>ETHERNET</i>	On	ETHERNET port is connected
	Off	ETHERNET port is not connected
	Flashing	ETHERNET activity (transferring or receiving data)
<i>INTERNET</i>	On	Router is connected to the Internet
	Off	Router is not connected to the Internet
	Flashing	Router is connecting to the Internet

2.6 Interface



Item Name	Description
<i>LAN/WAN Switch</i>	Switch the Ethernet port to LAN or WAN. Switch to WAN function if you want to access to the Internet through your xDSL or Cable modem network service. WAN access can also be a back up for 3G network. Please refer to Section 6.8 for more details
<i>WPS</i>	Start WPS function or reset the router to factory default settings (clear all settings). Press this button and hold for over 10 seconds to restore all settings to factory defaults, or press this button for less than 5 seconds to start WPS function
<i>ON/OFF</i>	Switch the button to activate or deactivate the router
<i>DC in</i>	Connect the supplied power adapter to this mini USB port to charge the battery
<i>RJ-45 Port</i>	Local/ Wide Area Network (LAN/WAN) port

2.7 Restore Settings to Default

If you have forgotten IP address or password, you can restore your Traveler 3G to the default settings by pressing on the “WPS” button for more than 10 seconds. Please see diagram below for details.



3

Configuring the Traveler 3G

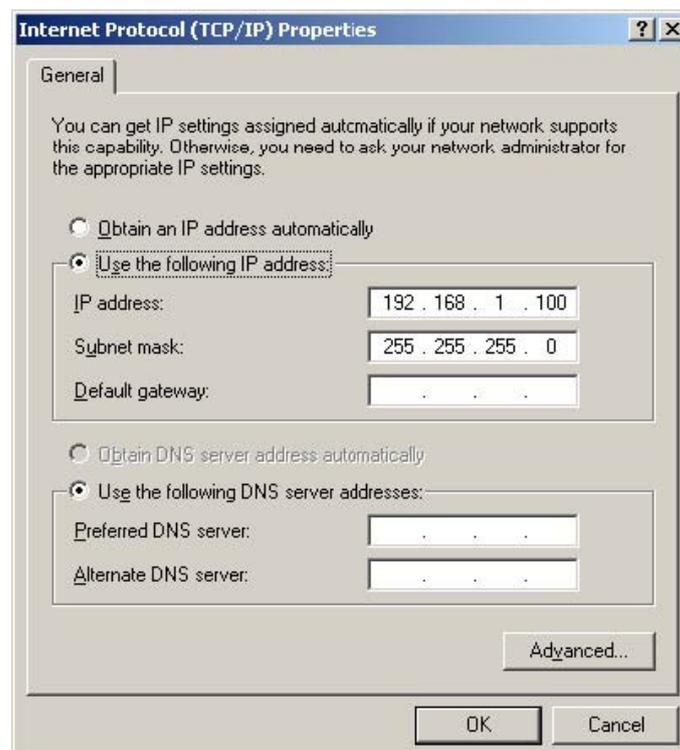
3.1 Important Information

The following information will help you to get start quickly. However, we recommend you to read through the entire manual before you start. Please note the password and SSID are case sensitive.

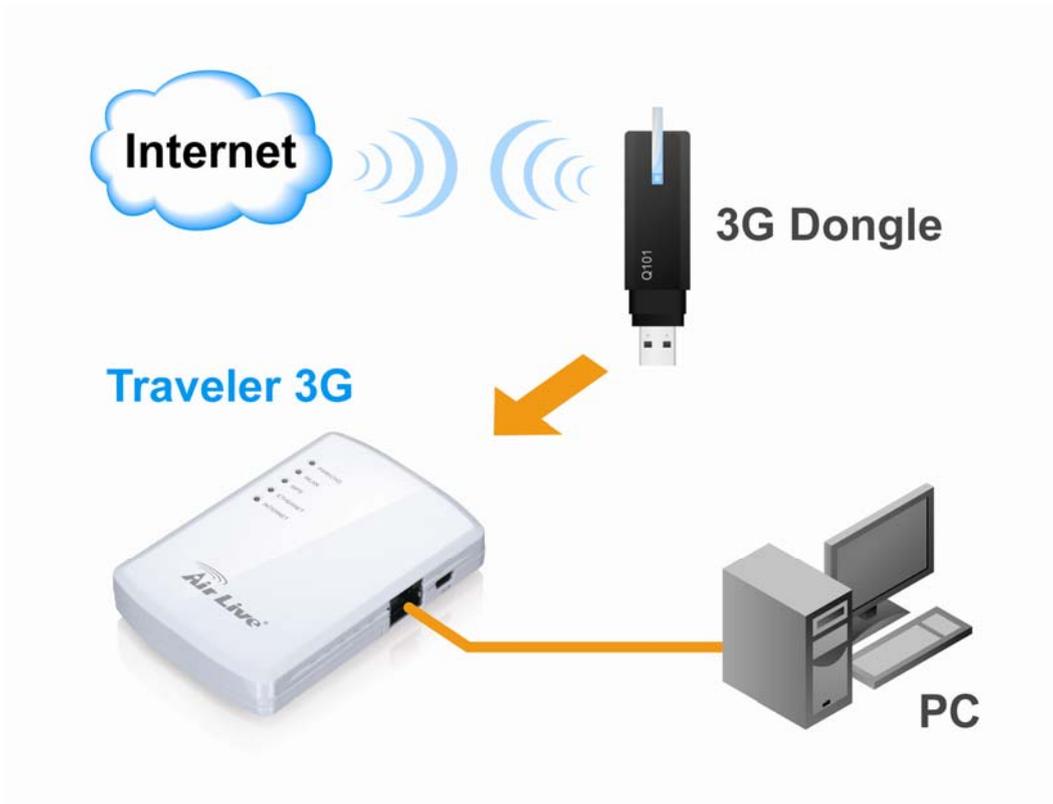
- The default IP address is: **192.168.1.1** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**
- The default user name is: **admin**
- The default password is: **airlive**
- The default SSID is: **airlive**

3.2 Prepare your PC

The Traveler 3G can be managed remotely by a PC through either the wired or wireless network. The default IP address of the Traveler 3G is **192.168.1.1** with a *subnet mask* of 255.255.255.0. This means the IP address of the PC should be in the range of 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254.



To prepare your PC for management with the Traveler 3G, please do the following:



1. Connect your 3G/3.5G USB modem to the USB port located on the top side of the router.
2. Connect your computer to the Ethernet port on the right side of the router for configuring the router.



It is recommended to configure the router through the Ethernet port for the first time setup.



3. Switch on the button of "ON/OFF" to turn on the router
4. Please check all LEDs on the front side. "PWR/CHR" LED should be steadily on in green color, and "ETHERNET" LED should be on.
5. If PWD LED is not on, or any LED you expected is not on, please recheck the cabling, or jump to "Chapter 9 Troubleshooting" for possible reasons and solution.

You are ready now to configure the Traveler 3G using your PC.

3.3 Introduction to Web Management

The Traveler 3G offers normal (http) Web Management interfaces.

If you are placing the Traveler 3G behind router or firewall, you might need to open virtual server ports to Traveler 3G on your firewall/router

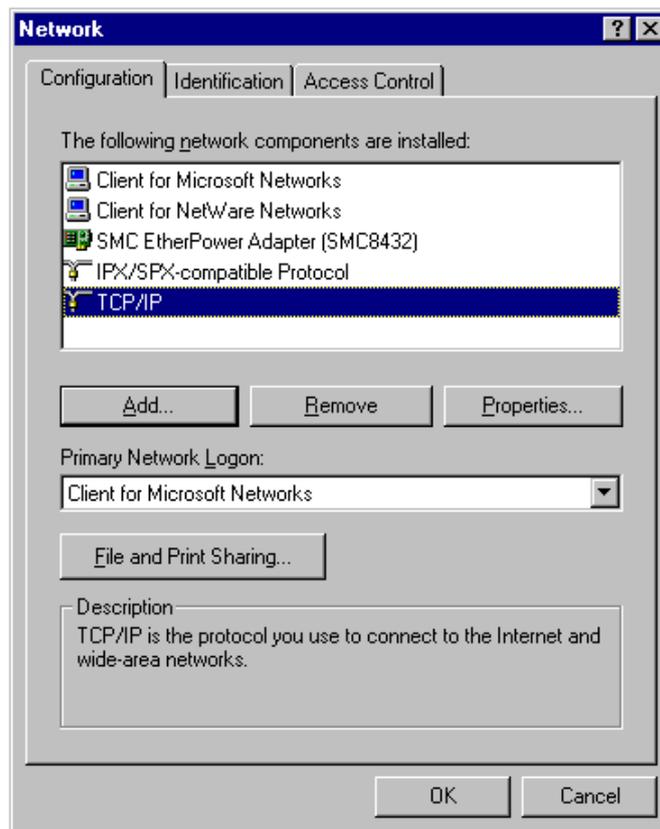
- HTTP: TCP Port 80

To get into the Normal Web Management, simply type in the Traveler 3G IP address (default IP is 192.168.1.1) into the web browser's address field.

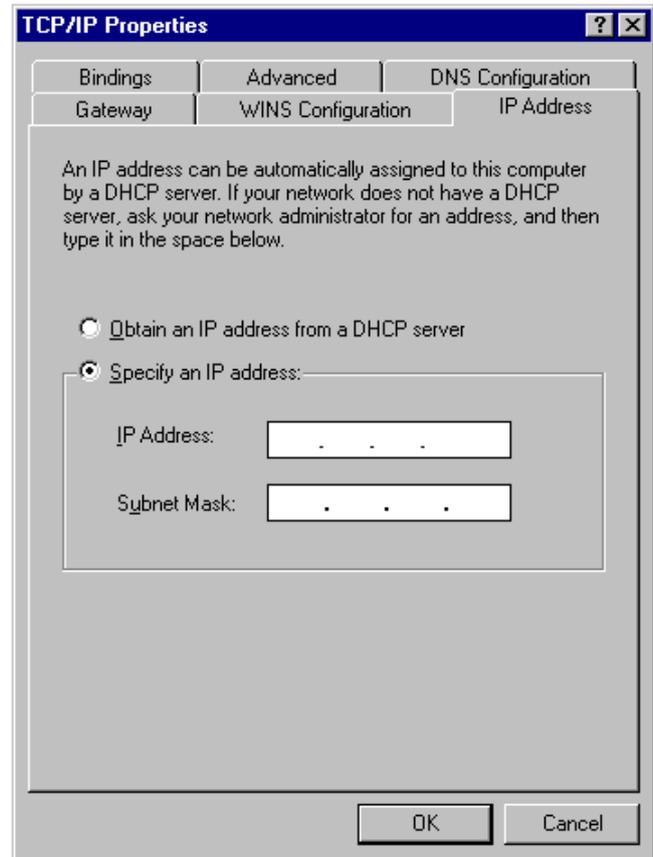


3.3.1 Windows 95/98/Me IP address setup

1. Click "Start" button (it should be located at lower-left corner of your computer), then click control panel. Double-click *Network* icon, and *Network* window will appear. Select "TCP/IP", and then click "Properties".

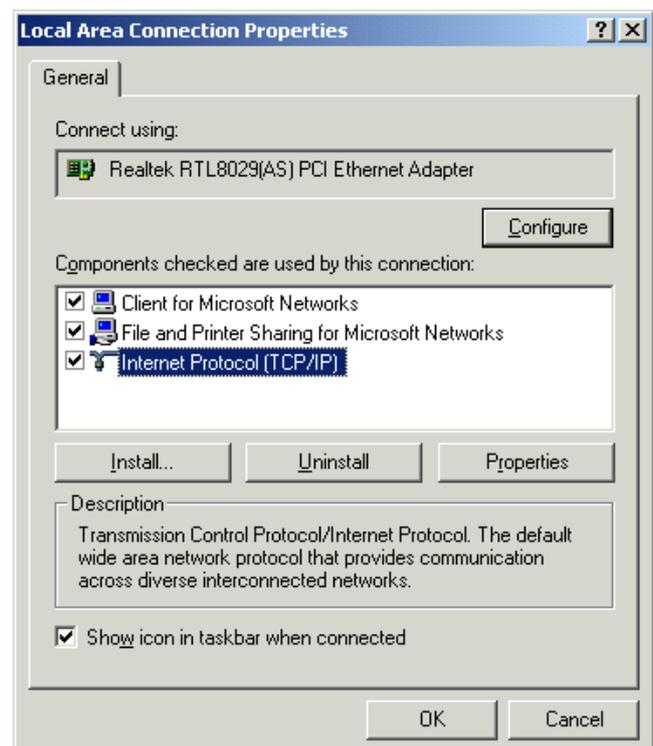


2. Select “Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server” and then click “OK”.

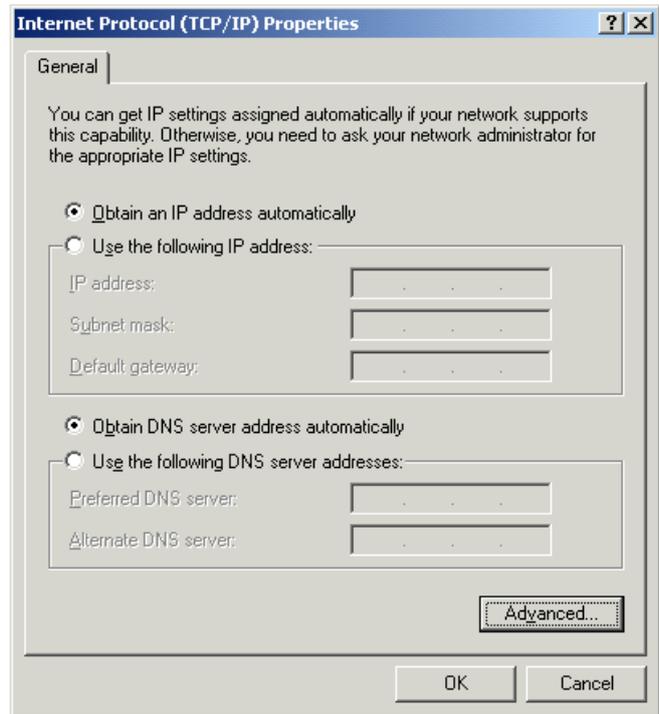


3.3.2 Windows 2000 IP address setup

1. Click “Start” button (it should be located at lower-left corner of your computer), then click control panel. Double-click **Network and Dial-up Connections** icon; click **Local Area Connection**, and **Local Area Connection Properties** window will appear. Select “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)” and then click “Properties”.

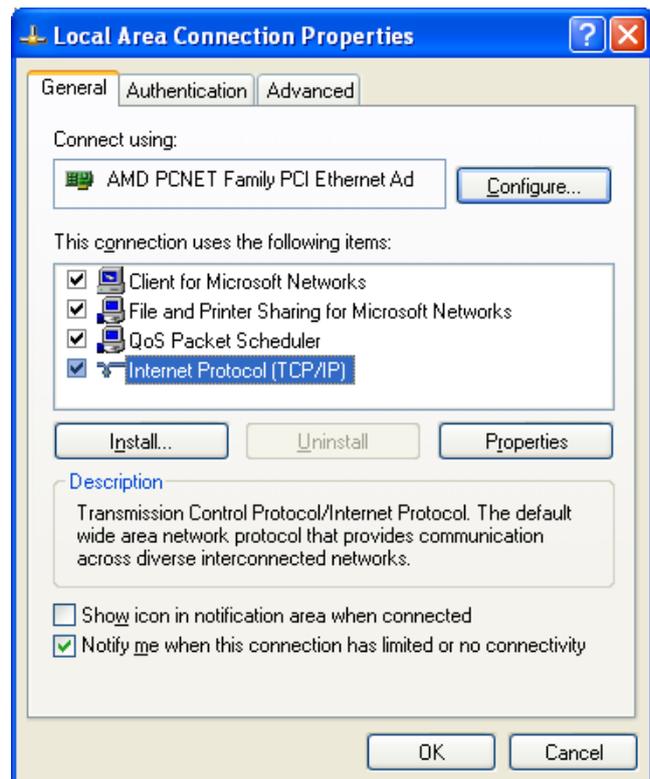


2. Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” and “Obtain DNS server address automatically”, then click “OK”

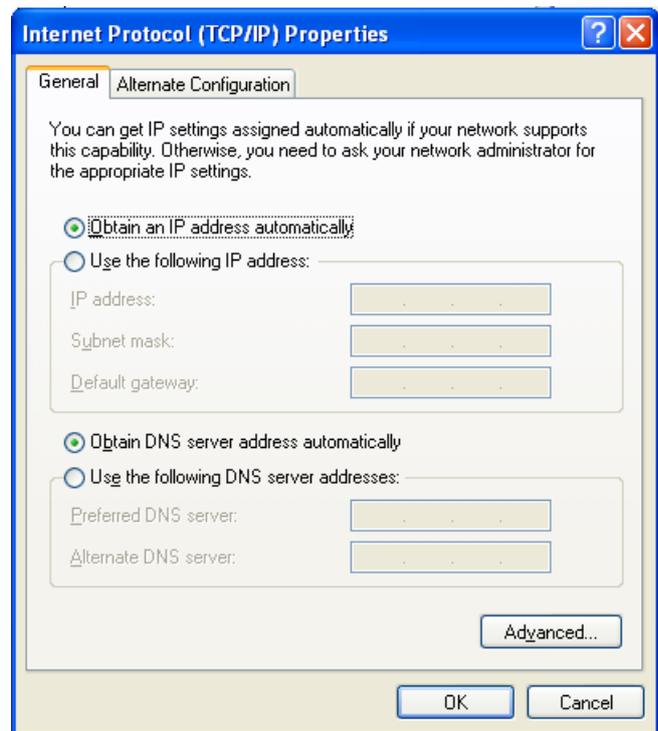


3.3.3 Windows XP IP address setup

1. Click “Start” button (it should be located at lower-left corner of your computer), then click control panel. Double-click **Network and Internet Connections** icon, click **Network Connections**, then double-click **Local Area Connection**, **Local Area Connection Status** window will appear, and then click “Properties”.

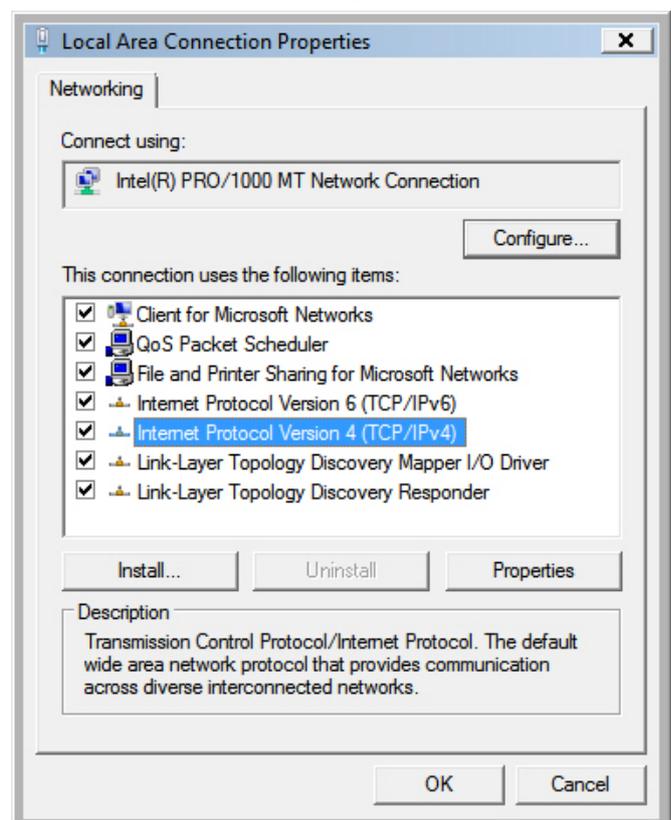


2. Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” and “Obtain DNS server address automatically”, then click “OK”.

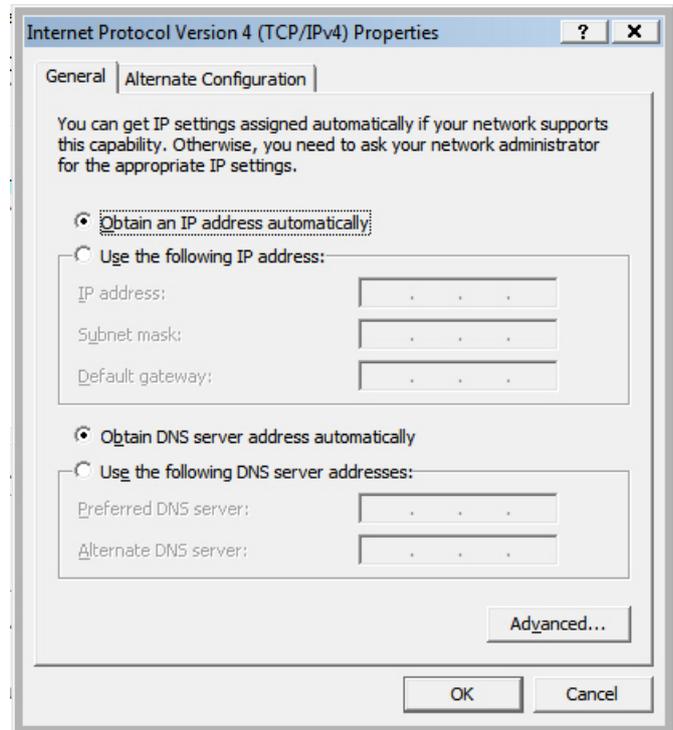


3.3.4 Windows Vista IP address setup

1. Click “Start” button (it should be located at lower-left corner of your computer), then click control panel. Click **View Network Status and Tasks**, and then click **Manage Network Connections**. Right-click **Local Area Network**, then select **“Properties”**. **Local Area Connection Properties** window will appear, select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP / IPv4), and then click “Properties”.



2. Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” and “Obtain DNS server address automatically”, then click “OK”.

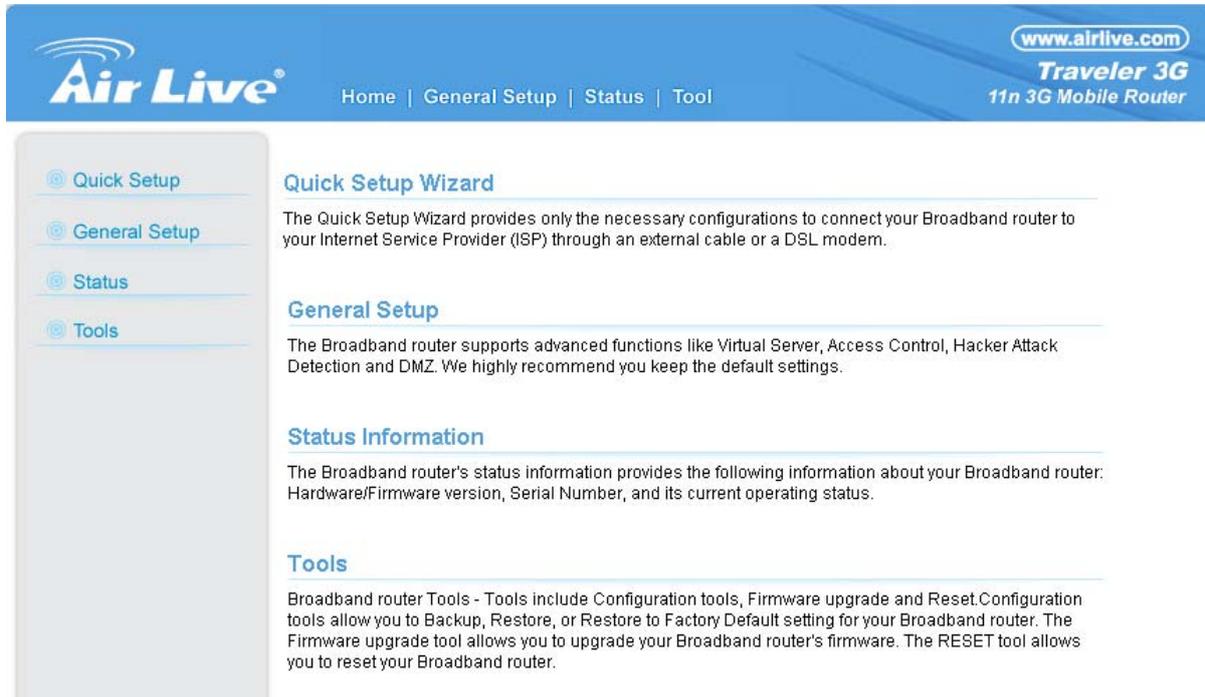


3.3.5 Initial Configurations

After your computer obtained an IP address from router, please start your web browser, and input the IP address of router in address bar. The following message should be shown:



Please input user name and password in the field respectively, default user name is “**admin**”, and default password is “**airlive**”, then press “OK” button, and you can see the web management interface of this router:



Quick Setup Wizard

The Quick Setup Wizard provides only the necessary configurations to connect your Broadband router to your Internet Service Provider (ISP) through an external cable or a DSL modem.

General Setup

The Broadband router supports advanced functions like Virtual Server, Access Control, Hacker Attack Detection and DMZ. We highly recommend you keep the default settings.

Status Information

The Broadband router's status information provides the following information about your Broadband router: Hardware/Firmware version, Serial Number, and its current operating status.

Tools

Broadband router Tools - Tools include Configuration tools, Firmware upgrade and Reset. Configuration tools allow you to Backup, Restore, or Restore to Factory Default setting for your Broadband router. The Firmware upgrade tool allows you to upgrade your Broadband router's firmware. The RESET tool allows you to reset your Broadband router.



If you can't see the web management interface, and you're being prompted to input user name and password again, it means you didn't input username and password correctly. Please retype user name and password again. If you're certain about the user name and password you type are correct, please go to "Chapter 9: Troubleshooting" to perform a factory reset, to set the password back to default value.

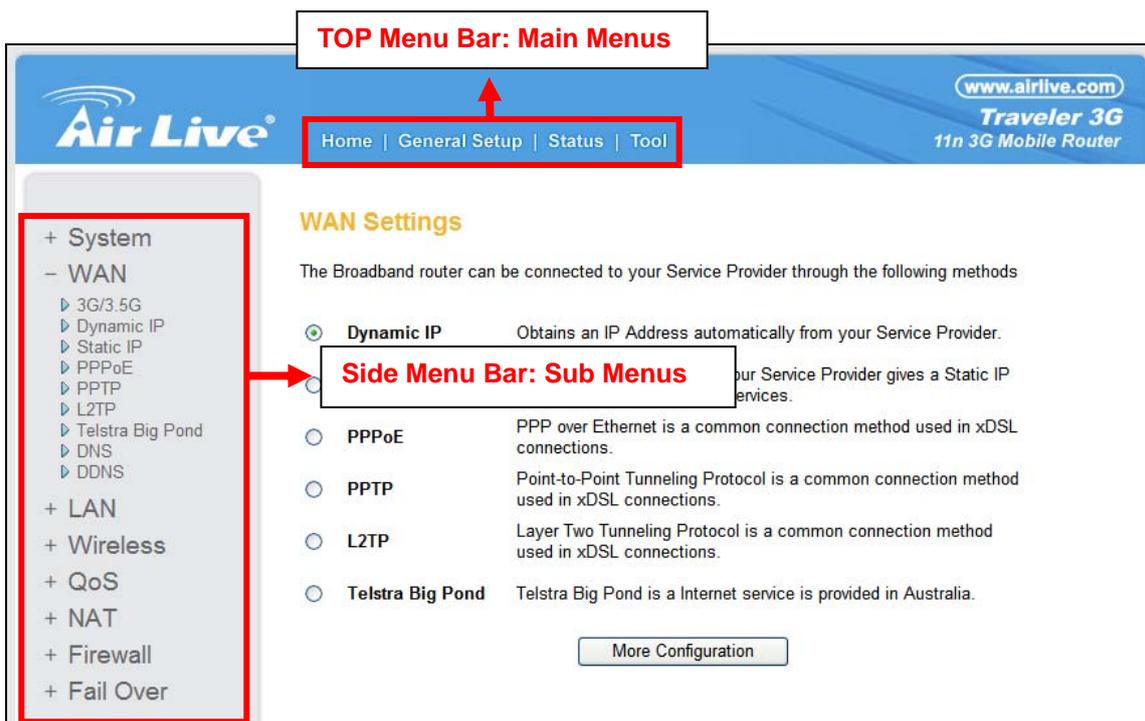
4

Web Management

This chapter shows the four major setting categories: **Quick Setup**, **General Setup**, **Status**, and **Tools**. You can find the shortcut which leads to these setting categories at the top banner of every page, and you can jump to another category directly by clicking the link, and don't have to go back to the first page.

4.1 About Traveler 3G Menu Structure

The Traveler 3G's web management menu is divided into 4 main menus: *Home*, *General Setup*, *Status*, and *Tool*. The main menus are displayed in "Top Menu Bar". Within each main menu category, there are sub-menu options which are displayed on the "Side Menu Bar"



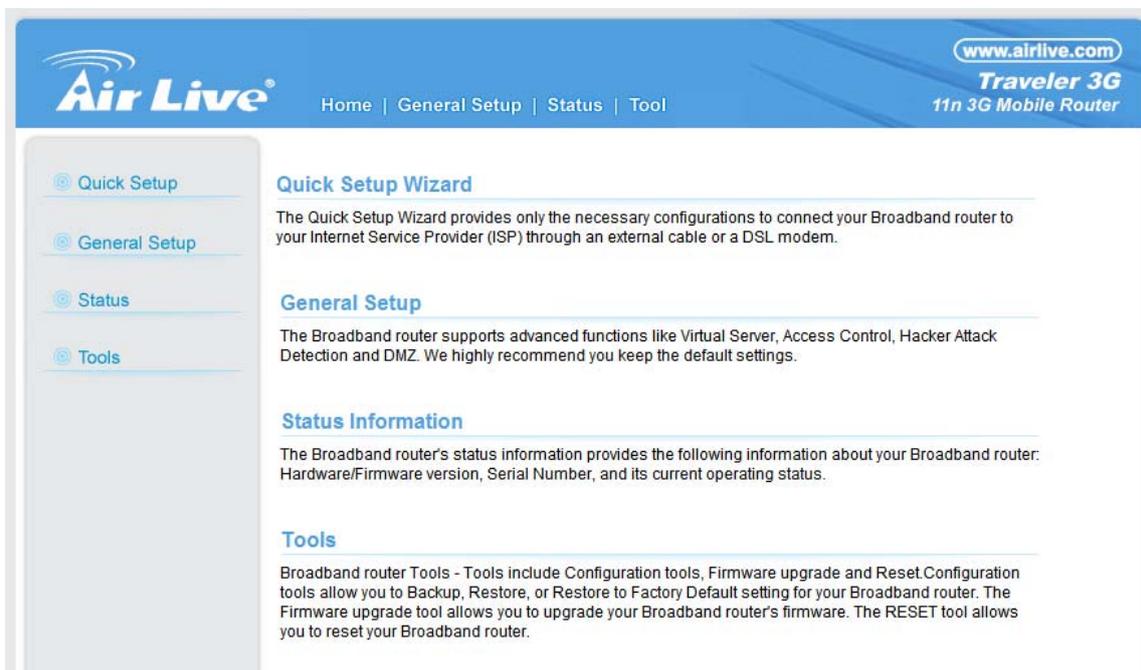
- **Home:** This menu is where you will find the main function. It is divided into: *Quick Setup* in Chapter 5, *General Setup* in Chapter 6, *Status* in Chapter 7, and *Tool* in Chapter 8.
 - **Quick Setup (Chapter 5)**
 - **General Setup (Chapter 6)**
 - **Status (Chapter 7)**
 - **Tool (Chapter 8)**

- **General Setup:** All operation settings are in this category, including:
 - **System** - set time zone, change password, configure remote management function (Chapter 6.1).
 - **WAN** - define the WAN type, configure DNS, DDNS setting (Chapter 6.2)
 - **LAN** - change LAN IP address, enable/disable DHCP server (Chapter 6.3)
 - **Wireless** - configure wireless basic, advanced, security setting, and the wireless access control, WPS (Chapter 6.4)
 - **QoS** - define bandwidth control (Chapter 6.5)
 - **NAT** - configure port forwarding, virtual server, UPnP, and ALG (Chapter 6.6)
 - **Firewall** - configure access control, URL blocking, DMZ, and DoS setting. (Chapter 6.7)
 - **Fail Over** - enable/disable WAN Fail Over function, and select the WAN port as the primary or backup one. (Chapter 6.8)
- **Status:** This section for monitoring the status of Traveler 3G. It provides information on Internet Connection, Device Status, System Log, Security Log, Active DHCP Client, Statistics, and Modem Info.
- **Tool:** backup or restore system's config file, upgrade firmware, reset device as default setting, and reboot Traveler 3G..

5

Quick Setup

This router provides a “Quick Setup” procedure, which will help you to complete all required settings you need to access the Internet in very short time. Please follow the following instructions to complete the “Quick Setup”:



The screenshot displays the Air Live web interface for the Traveler 3G 11n 3G Mobile Router. The interface features a blue header with the Air Live logo, navigation links (Home | General Setup | Status | Tool), the website URL (www.airlive.com), and the product name (Traveler 3G 11n 3G Mobile Router). A left sidebar contains a menu with four items: Quick Setup (selected), General Setup, Status, and Tools. The main content area is divided into four sections:

- Quick Setup Wizard**: The Quick Setup Wizard provides only the necessary configurations to connect your Broadband router to your Internet Service Provider (ISP) through an external cable or a DSL modem.
- General Setup**: The Broadband router supports advanced functions like Virtual Server, Access Control, Hacker Attack Detection and DMZ. We highly recommend you keep the default settings.
- Status Information**: The Broadband router's status information provides the following information about your Broadband router: Hardware/Firmware version, Serial Number, and its current operating status.
- Tools**: Broadband router Tools - Tools include Configuration tools, Firmware upgrade and Reset. Configuration tools allow you to Backup, Restore, or Restore to Factory Default setting for your Broadband router. The Firmware upgrade tool allows you to upgrade your Broadband router's firmware. The RESET tool allows you to reset your Broadband router.

5.1 Set Time Zone

Time Zone

Set the time zone of the Broadband router. This information is used for log entries and firewall settings.

Set Time Zone :	(GMT+08:00)Taipei 
Time Server Address :	192.43.244.18
Daylight Savings :	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Function Times From January  1  To January  1 

-
- Set Time Zone* Please press  button, a drop-down list will be shown, and you can choose a time zone of the location you live.
- Time Server Address*) Input the IP address / host name of time server here.
- Daylight Savings* If the country you live uses daylight saving, please check “Enable Function” box, and choose the duration of daylight saving.
-

After you finish with all settings, please click “Next” button.



There are several time servers available on internet:

129.6.15.28 (time-a.nist.gov)
 132.163.4.101 (time-a.timefreq.bldrdoc.gov)
 131.107.1.10 (time-nw.nist.gov)

If you found that the time of router is incorrect, try another time server.

5.2 Broadband Type

+ [3G/3.5G](#)

If you connect to Internet using a 3G/3.5G handset or 3G/3.5G USB modem, then you should choose this option and enter the required information.

+ [Cable Modem](#)

A connection through a cable modem requires minimal configuration. When you set up an account with your Cable provider, the Cable provider and your Broadband router will automatically establish a connection, so you probably do not need to enter anything more.

+ [Fixed-IP xDSL](#)

Some xDSL Internet Service Providers may assign a Fixed IP Address for your Broadband router. If you have been provided with this information, choose this option and enter the assigned IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address and DNS IP Address for your Broadband router.

+ [PPPoE xDSL](#)

If you connect to the Internet using an xDSL Modem and your ISP has provided you with a Password and a Service Name, then your ISP uses PPPoE to establish a connection. You must choose this option and enter the required information.

+ [PPTP xDSL](#)

If you connect to the Internet using an xDSL Modem and your ISP has provided you with a Password, Local IP Address, Remote IP Address and a Connection ID, then your ISP uses PPTP to establish a connection. You must choose this option and enter the required information.

+ [L2TP xDSL](#)

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.

+ [Telstra Big Pond](#)

If your Internet service is provided by Telstra Big Pond in Australia, you will need to enter your information below, This information is provided by Teistra BigPond.

[Back](#)

Please choose the Broadband (Internet connection) Type you're using in this page. There are seven types of Internet connection:

3G/3.5G	- Section 5.2.1
Dynamic IP (Cable Modem)	- Section 5.2.2
Static IP	- Section 5.2.3
PPPoE	- Section 5.2.4
PPTP	- Section 5.2.5
L2TP	- Section 5.2.6
Telstra Big Pond	- Section 5.2.7

If you're not sure, please contact your Internet service provider. A wrong Internet connection type will cause connection problem, and you will not be able to connect to Internet.

If you want to go back to previous step, please press "Back" button on the bottom of this page.



Some service providers use "DHCP" (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) to assign IP address to you. In this case, you can choose "Dynamic IP" as Internet connection type, even you're using another connection type, like xDSL. Also, some cable modem uses PPPoE, so you can choose "PPPoE xDSL" for such cable modem connection, even you're using a cable modem.

5.2.1 3G/3.5G

3G/3.5G

Enter the User Name, Password, APN, PIN Code and Dialed Number provided to you by your service provider in the appropriate fields.

• **3G/3.5G Settings :**

PIN Code :	<input type="text"/>
APN :	internet
User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
Verify Password :	<input type="password"/>
Service :	3G/3.5G Only (UMTS/HSPA/HSDPA) ▼
AT Dial Script :	*99#

PIN Code Please input Pin Code for your UMTS or HSDPA or EVDO connection, this is optional, and only required if your service provider asks you to do so.

APN Please input the APN code assigned by your Internet service provider here.

<i>User Name</i>	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Password</i>	Please input password assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Verify Password</i>	Please input password again for confirmation.
<i>Service</i>	Please select your Card type from the drop-down menu.
<i>AT Dial Script</i>	Please input Dialed Number for your UMTS or HSDPA connection, the default is *99#. This field should not be altered except when required by your service provider.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Next” button; if you want to go back to previous menu, click “Back”.

5.2.2 Cable Modem

Dynamic IP

Cable Modem

Host Name :	<input type="text"/>	
MAC Address :	<input type="text" value="000000000000"/>	<input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/>
		<input type="button" value="Back"/> <input type="button" value="Next"/>

<i>Host Name</i>	Please input the host name of your computer, this is optional, and only required if your service provider asks you to do so.
<i>MAC Address</i>	Please input MAC address of your computer here, if your service provider only permits computer with certain MAC address to access internet. If you're using the computer which used to connect to Internet via cable modem, you can simply press “Clone Mac address” button to fill the MAC address field with the MAC address of your computer.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Next” button; if you want to go back to previous menu, click “Back”.

5.2.3 Fixed-IP xDSL

Static IP

Enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address and DNS IP Address provided to you by your ISP in the appropriate fields.

IP Address :	<input type="text" value="172.1.1.1"/>
Subnet Mask :	<input type="text" value="255.255.0.0"/>
DNS Address :	<input type="text"/>
Default Gateway :	<input type="text" value="172.1.1.254"/>

<i>IP address</i>	Please input IP address assigned by your service provider.
<i>Subnet Mask</i>	Please input subnet mask assigned by your service provider.
<i>DNS Address</i>	Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service provider.
<i>Default Gateway</i>	Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service provider.



You must use the addresses provided by your Internet service provider, wrong setting value will cause connection problem.

When you finish with all settings, press “Next”; if you want to go back to previous menu, click “Back”.



You can choose this Internet connection method if your service provider assigns a fixed IP address (also know as static address) to you, and not using DHCP or PPPoE protocol. Please contact your service provider for further information.

5.2.4 PPPoE xDSL

PPPoE

Enter the User Name and Password required by your ISP in the appropriate fields. If your ISP has provided you with a "Service Name" enter it in the Service Name field, otherwise, leave it blank.

User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
Service Name :	<input type="text"/>
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1392"/> (512<=MTU<=1492)
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/> <input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	<input type="text" value="10"/> (1-1000 Minute)

<i>User Name</i>	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Password</i>	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Service Name</i>	Please give a name to this Internet service, this is optional.
<i>MTU</i>	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default value.
<i>Connection Type</i>	<p>Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use (detailed explanation listed below).</p> <p>Continuous – The connection will be kept always on. If the connection is interrupted, the router will re-connect automatically.</p> <p>Connect On-Demand – Only connect when you want to surf the Internet. "Idle Time Out" is set to stop the connection when the network traffic is not sending or receiving after an idle time.</p> <p>Manual – After you have selected this option, you will see the "Connect" button and "Disconnect" button, click "Connect" and the router will connect to the ISP. If you want to stop the connection, please click "Disconnect" button.</p>
<i>Idle Time Out</i>	If you have selected the connection type to "Connect-On-Demand", please input the idle time out.

When you finish with all settings, please click “Next”; if you want to go back to previous menu, click “Back”.

5.2.5 PPTP xDSL

PPTP xDSL requires two kinds of setting: WAN interface setting (setup IP address) and PPTP setting (PPTP user name and password). Here we start from WAN interface setting:

PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.

• WAN Interface Settings

Obtain an IP Address Automatically

Host Name :	<input type="text"/>	
MAC Address :	<input type="text" value="000000000000"/>	<input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/>

Use The Following IP Address

IP Address :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Subnet Mask :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Default Gateway :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	

• PPTP Settings

User Name :	<input type="text"/>	
Password :	<input type="text"/>	
PPTP Gateway :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Connection ID :	<input type="text"/>	(Optional)
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1392"/>	(512<=MTU<=1492)
BEZEQ-ISRAEL :	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable (For BEZEQ network in ISRAEL use only)	
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/>	<input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	<input type="text" value="10"/>	(1-1000 Minute)

Select the type of how you obtain IP address from your service provider here. You can choose “Obtain an IP address automatically” (equal to DHCP, please refer to “Dynamic IP” section above), or “Use the following IP address” (i.e. static IP address).

WAN interface settings must be correctly set, or the Internet connection will fail even those settings of PPTP settings are correct. Please contact your Internet service provider if you don't know what you should fill in these fields.

• PPTP Settings

User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
PPTP Gateway :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Connection ID :	<input type="text"/> (Optional)
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1392"/> (512<=MTU<=1492)
BEZEQ-ISRAEL :	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable (For BEZEQ network in ISRAEL use only)
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/> <input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	<input type="text" value="10"/> (1-1000 Minute)

<i>User Name</i>	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Password</i>	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>PPTP Gateway</i>	Please input the IP address of PPTP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Connection ID</i>	Please input the connection ID here, this is optional and you can leave it blank.
<i>MTU</i>	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default value.
<i>BEZEQ-ISRAEL</i>	Setting item "BEZEQ-ISRAEL" is only required to check if you're using the service provided by BEZEQ network in Israel.
<i>Connection Type</i>	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use, please refer to last section for detailed descriptions.
<i>Idle Time Out</i>	Please input the idle time out of Internet connection you wish to use, and refer to last section for detailed descriptions.

When you finish with all settings, please click "Next"; if you want to go back to previous menu, click "Back".

5.2.6 L2TP xDSL

L2TP is another popular connection method for xDSL and other Internet connection types, and all required setting items are the same with PPTP connection.

Like PPTP, there are two kinds of required settings, and we'll start from "WAN Interface Settings":

L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.

- WAN Interface Settings

Obtain an IP Address Automatically

Host Name :	<input type="text"/>
MAC Address :	<input type="text" value="000000000000"/> <input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/>

Use The Following IP Address

IP Address :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Subnet Mask :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Default Gateway :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>

- L2TP Settings

User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="text"/>
L2TP Gateway :	<input type="text"/>
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1392"/> (512<=MTU<=1492)
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/> <input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	<input type="text" value="10"/> (1-1000 Minute)

Please select the type of how you obtain IP address from your service provider here. You can choose "Obtain an IP address automatically" (equal to DHCP, please refer to "Dynamic IP" section above), or "Use the following IP address" (equal to static IP address, please refer to "PPPoE" section above).

WAN interface settings must be correctly set, or the Internet connection will fail even those settings of PPTP settings are correct. Please contact your Internet service provider if you don't know what you should fill in these fields.

• L2TP Settings

User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
L2TP Gateway :	<input type="text"/>
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1392"/> (512<=MTU<=1492)
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/> <input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	<input type="text" value="10"/> (1-1000 Minute)

<i>User Name</i>	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Password</i>	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>L2TP Gateway</i>	Please input the IP address of L2TP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>MTU</i>	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default value.
<i>Connection Type</i>	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use, please refer to last section for detailed descriptions.
<i>Idle Time Out</i>	Please input the idle time out of Internet connection you wish to use, and refer to last section for detailed descriptions.

When you finish with all settings, please click "Next"; if you want to go back to previous menu, click "Back".

5.2.7 Telstra Big Pond

Telstra Big Pond

If your Internet service is provided by Telstra Big Pond in Australia, you will need to enter your information below. This information is provided by Teistra BigPond.

User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Assign login server manually	
Server IP Address :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>

This setting only works when you're using Telstra big pond's network service in Australia. You need to input:

<i>User Name</i>	Please input the user name assigned by Telstra.
<i>Password</i>	Please input the password assigned by Telstra.
<i>Assign login Server Manually</i>	Check this box to choose login server by yourself.
<i>Server IP Address</i>	Please input the IP address of login server here.

When you finish with all settings, please click "Next"; if you want to go back to previous menu, click "Back".

5.3 Basic Setting

Basic Settings

This page allows you to define ESSID, and Channel for the wireless connection. These parameters are used for the wireless stations to connect to the Access Point.

Wireless Module : Enable Disable

Band :	2.4 GHz (B+G+N) ▾
SSID :	default
Channel Number :	11 ▾
Associated Clients :	Show Active Clients

Back

Next

Wireless Module Please click “Enable” to start using the wireless function of this router, or select “Disable” to close the wireless interface of this router.

Band Please select a Bane type from the dropdown list of “Band”. It allows you to set the AP fix at 802.11b or 802.11g or 802.11n mode. You also can select B+G or B+G+N mode to allow the AP select 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n connection automatically.

SSID This is the name of wireless router.
You can type any alphanumerical characters here, maximum 32 characters. SSID is used to identify your own wireless router from others when there are other wireless routers in the same area. Default SSID is “airlive”, it’s recommended to change default SSID name to the one which is meaningful to you, like my home, office_room1, etc.

Channel Number Please select a channel from the dropdown list of “Channel Number”, available channel numbers are 1 to 13 for European countries, 1 to 11 for USA. You can choose any channel number you want to use, and almost all wireless clients can locate the channel you’re using automatically without any problem. However, it’s still useful to remember the channel number you use, some wireless client supports manual channel number select, and this would help in certain scenario when there is some radio communication problem.

Associated Clients Click “Show Active Clients” button, then an “Active Wireless Client Table” will pop up. You can see the status of all active wireless stations that are connecting to the access point.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Next” button; if you want to go back to previous menu, click “Back”.

5.4 Security Setting

Security Settings

This page allows you setup the wireless security. Turn on WEP or WPA by using Encryption Keys could prevent any unauthorized access to your wireless network.

Encryption :

Enable 802.1x Authentication

Please choose the Encryption type you’re using from the dropdown list of “Encryption”. There are three types of Encryption, they are:

-
- WEP* - Section 6.4.3.2
 - WPA pre-shared key* - Section 6.4.3.3
 - WPA RADIUS* - Section 6.4.3.4
-

If you want to go back to previous step, please press “BACK” button on the bottom of this page.

When all settings are finished, you’ll see the following message displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

Please press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Apply” button to prepare to restart the router, and you’ll see this message:

System Restarting! Please wait for a while !

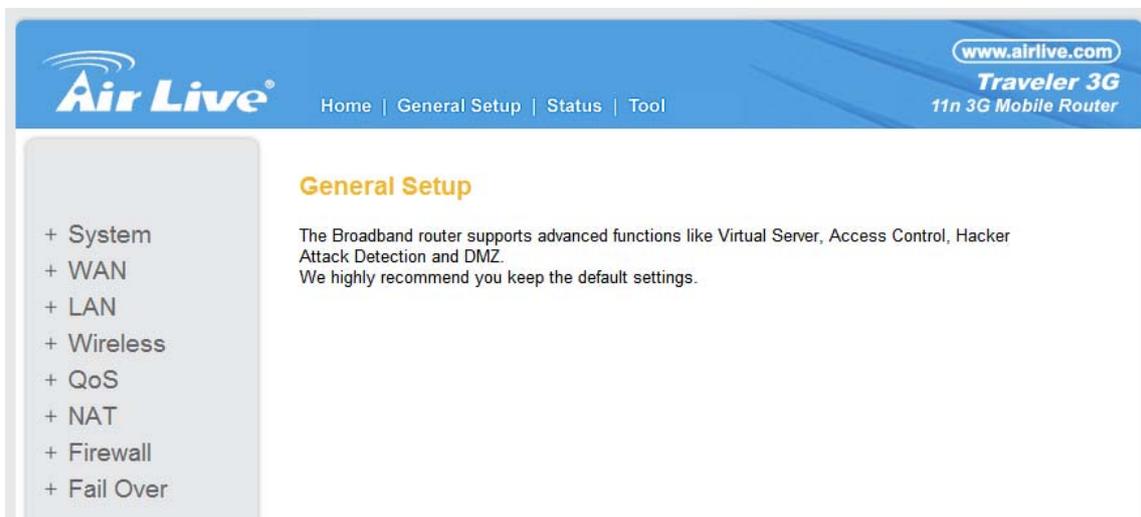
Please wait for about 60 seconds, then click “OK!” button. You’ll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

6

General Setup

6.1 System

In this chapter, you'll know how to change the time zone, password, and remote management settings. Please start your web browser and log onto router web management interface, then click "General Setup" button on the left, or click "General Setup" link at the upper-right corner of web management interface.



6.1.1 Time zone

Please follow the following instructions to set time zone and time auto-synchronization parameters:

Please click "System" menu on the left of web management interface, then click "Time Zone", and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Time Zone

Set the time zone of the Broadband router. This information is used for log entries and firewall settings.

Set Time Zone :	(GMT+08:00)Taipei 
Time Server Address :	192.43.244.18
Daylight Savings :	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Function Times From January  1  To January  1 

<i>Time Zone</i>	Please select time zone at “Time zone” drop-down list.
<i>Time Server Address</i>	Please input the IP address / host name of time server here.
<i>Daylight Savings</i>	Please check “Enable” Function box, and set the duration of daylight setting.

When you finish, click “Apply”. You’ll see the following message displayed on web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Press “Continue” to save the settings made and back to web management interface; press “Apply” to save the settings made and restart the router so the settings will take effect after it reboots.



You can refer to the instructions given in last chapter: “Quick Setup”, for detailed descriptions on time zone settings.

6.1.2 Change management password

Default password of this router is *airlive*, and it's displayed on the login prompt when accessed from web browser. There's a security risk if you don't change the default password. This is very important when you have wireless function enabled.

To change password, please refer to the following instructions:

Please click "System" menu on the left of web management interface, then click "Password Settings", and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Password Settings ?

You can change the password required to log into the broadband router's system web-based management. By default, the password is *airlive*. So please assign a password to the Administrator as soon as possible, and store it in a safe place. Passwords can contain 0 to 30 alphanumeric characters, and are case sensitive.

Current Password :	<input type="text"/>	
New Password :	<input type="text"/>	
Confirmed Password :	<input type="text"/>	

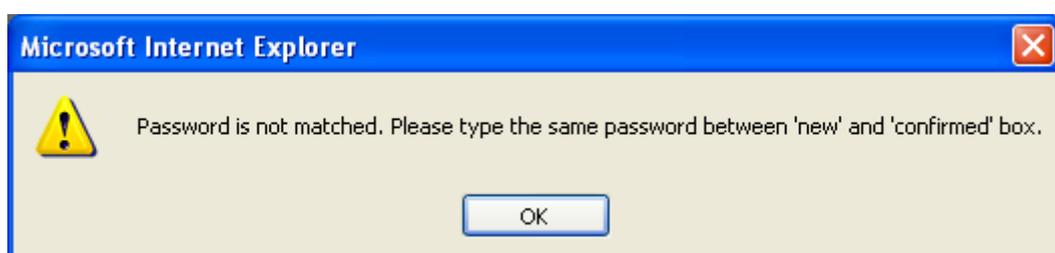
Current Password Please input current password here.

New Password Please input new password here.

Confirmed Password Please input new password here again.

When you finish, click "Apply". If you want to keep original password unchanged, click "Cancel".

If the password you typed in "New Password" and "Confirmed Password" field is not the same, you'll see the following message:



Please retype the new password again when you see above message if you see the following message:

ERROR: Password is not matched !



It means the content in “Current Password” field is wrong, please click “OK” to go back to previous menu, and try to input current password again.

If the current and new passwords are correctly entered, after you click “Apply”, you’ll be prompted to input your new password:



Please use new password to enter web management interface again, and you should be able to login with new password.

6.1.3 Remote Management

This router does not allow management access from Internet, to prevent possible security risks (especially when you defined a weak password, or didn't change default password). However, you can still management this router from a specific IP address by enabling the “Remote Management” Function.

To do so, please refer to the following instructions:

Please click “System” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Remote Management”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Remote Management

The remote management function allows you to designate a host in the Internet to have management/configuration access to the Broadband router from a remote site. Enter the designated host IP Address in the Host IP Address field.

Host address	Port	Enabled
<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	<input type="text" value="8080"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

<i>Host Address</i>	Input the IP address of the remote host you wish to initiate a management access.
<i>Port</i>	You can define the port number of this router for the incoming request. If you're providing a web service (default port number is 80), you should try to use other port number. You can change the default port setting to "8080", or something like "32245" or "1429". (Any integer between 1 and 65534)
<i>Enabled</i>	Select the field to start the configuration.

When you finish with all settings, click "Apply", and you'll see the following message displayed on web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Press "Continue" to save the settings made and back to web management interface; press "Apply" to save the settings made and restart the router so the settings will take effect after it reboots.



When you want to manage this router from another computer on internet, you have to input the IP address and port number of this router. If your Internet service provider assigns you with a static IP address, it will not be a problem; but if the IP address your service provider assigns to you will vary every time you establish an internet connection, this will be a problem.

Please either ask your service provider to give you a static IP address, or use dynamic IP to host name mapping services like DDNS. Please refer to chapter 6.2.9 “DDNS” for details.



Default port number the web browser will use is “80”. If the “Port” setting in this page is not “80”, you have to assign the port number in the address bar of web browser manually. For example, if the IP address of this router is 1.2.3.4, and the port number you set is 8888, you have to input following address in the address bar of web browser:

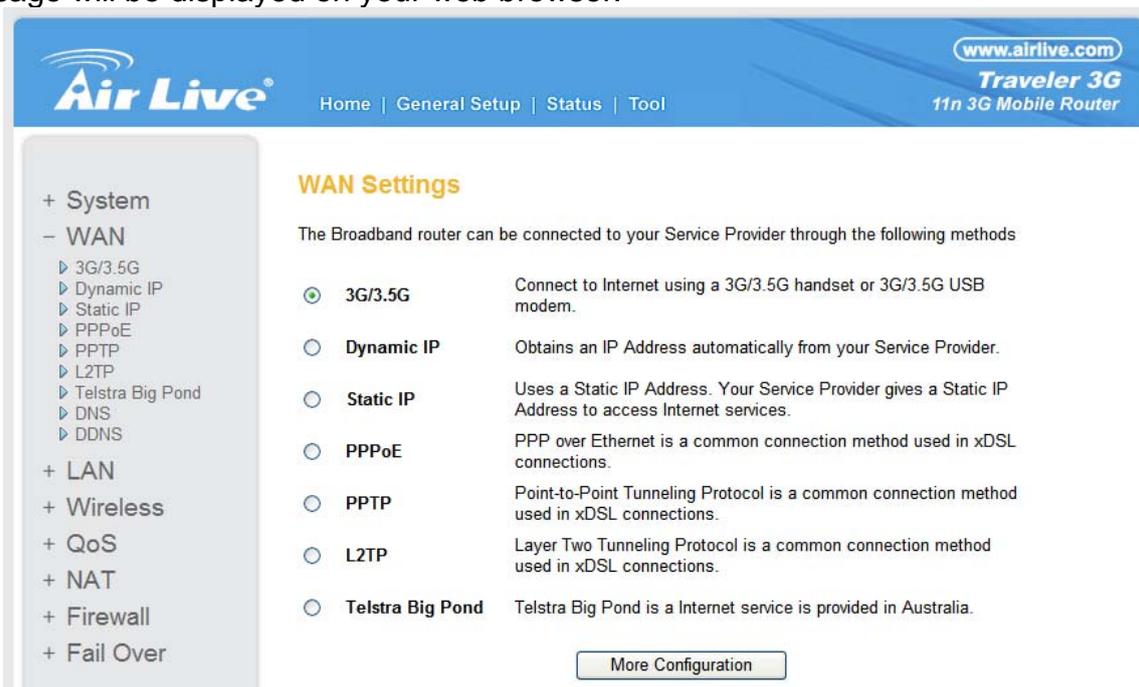
`http://1.2.3.4:8888`

6.2 WAN

Internet connections setup can be done by using “Quick Setup” menu described in chapter 5-2. However, you can setup WAN connections up by using WAN configuration menu, and also set advanced functions like DDNS (Dynamic DNS) here.

To start configuration, please refer to the following instructions:

Please click “WAN” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



The screenshot shows the Air Live web management interface for a Traveler 3G 11n 3G Mobile Router. The page title is "WAN Settings". The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: + System, - WAN (selected), 3G/3.5G, Dynamic IP, Static IP, PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP, Telstra Big Pond, DNS, DDNS, + LAN, + Wireless, + QoS, + NAT, + Firewall, and + Fail Over. The main content area displays the following information:

WAN Settings

The Broadband router can be connected to your Service Provider through the following methods

- 3G/3.5G** Connect to Internet using a 3G/3.5G handset or 3G/3.5G USB modem.
- Dynamic IP** Obtains an IP Address automatically from your Service Provider.
- Static IP** Uses a Static IP Address. Your Service Provider gives a Static IP Address to access Internet services.
- PPPoE** PPP over Ethernet is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.
- PPTP** Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.
- L2TP** Layer Two Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.
- Telstra Big Pond** Telstra Big Pond is a Internet service is provided in Australia.

[More Configuration](#)

6.2.1 3G/3.5G

3G/3.5G

Enter the User Name, Password, APN, PIN Code and Dialed Number provided to you by your service provider in the appropriate fields.

• **3G/3.5G Settings :**

PIN Code :	<input type="text"/>
APN :	internet
User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
Verify Password :	<input type="password"/>
Service :	3G/3.5G Only (UMTS/HSPA/HSDPA) ▼
AT Dial Script :	*99#

<i>PIN Code</i>	Please input Pin Code for your UMTS or HSDPA or EVDO connection, this is optional, and only required if your service provider asks you to do so.
<i>APN</i>	Please input the APN code assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>User Name</i>	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Password</i>	Please input password assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Verify Password</i>	Please input password again for confirmation.
<i>Service</i>	Please select your Card type from the drop-down menu.
<i>AT Dial Script</i>	Please input Dialed Number for your UMTS or HSDPA connection, the default is *99#. This field should not be altered except when required by your service provider.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button; if you want to remove and value you entered, please click “Cancel”.

After you click “Apply”, the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.2.2 Dynamic IP (Cable Modem)

Dynamic IP

The Host Name is optional, but may be required by some Service Providers. The default MAC Address is set to the WAN physical interface on the Wireless Router. If required by your Service Provider, you can use the 'Clone MAC Address' button to copy the MAC Address of the Network Interface Card installed in your PC and replace the WAN MAC Address with this MAC Address.

Host Name :	<input type="text"/>	
MAC Address :	<input type="text" value="000000000000"/>	<input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/>
		<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

Host Name Please input the host name of your computer, this is optional, and only required if your service provider asks you to do so.

MAC Address Please input MAC address of your computer here, if your service provider only permits computer with certain MAC address to access internet. If you're using the computer which used to connect to Internet via cable modem, you can simply press “Clone Mac address” button to fill the MAC address field with the MAC address of your computer.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply”; if you want to remove and value you entered, please click “Cancel”.

After you click “Apply”, the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.2.3 Static IP

Static IP

If your Service Provider has assigned a Fixed IP address; enter the assigned IP Address, Subnet Mask and the Gateway IP Address provided.

IP Address :	172.1.1.1
Subnet Mask :	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway :	172.1.1.254

<i>IP address</i>	Please input IP address assigned by your service provider.
<i>Subnet Mask</i>	Please input subnet mask assigned by your service provider.
<i>Default Gateway</i>	Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service provider.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.2.4 PPPoE

PPPoE

Enter the PPPoE User Name and Password assigned by your Service Provider. The Service Name is normally optional, but may be required by some Service Providers. Enter a Idle Time (in minutes) to define a maximum period of time for which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. If the connection is inactive for longer than the Maximum Idle Time, then the connection will be dropped. You can enable the Connect on Demand option to automatically re-establish the connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. If your Internet Service Provider requires the use of PPPoE, enter the information below.

User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
Service Name :	<input type="text"/>
MTU :	1392 (512<=MTU<=1492)
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/> <input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	10 (1-1000 Minute)

User Name Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.

Password Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.

Service Name Please give a name to this Internet service, this is optional.

<i>MTU</i>	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default value.
<i>Connection Type</i>	<p>Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use (detailed explanation listed below).</p> <p>Continuous – The connection will be kept always on. If the connection is interrupted, the router will re-connect automatically.</p> <p>Connect On-Demand – Only connect when you want to surf the Internet. “Idle Time Out” is set to stop the connection when the network traffic is not sending or receiving after an idle time.</p> <p>Manual – After you have selected this option, you will see the “Connect” button and “Disconnect” button, click “Connect” and the router will connect to the ISP. If you want to stop the connection, please click “Disconnect” button.</p>
<i>Idle Time Out</i>	If you have selected the connection type to “Connect-On-Demand”, please input the idle time out.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.2.5 PPTP

PPTP requires two kinds of setting: WAN interface setting (setup IP address) and PPTP setting (PPTP user name and password). Here we start from WAN interface setting:

PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.

• WAN Interface Settings

Obtain an IP Address Automatically

Host Name :	<input type="text"/>	
MAC Address :	<input type="text" value="000000000000"/>	<input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/>

Use The Following IP Address

IP Address :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Subnet Mask :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Default Gateway :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	

Select the type of how you obtain IP address from your service provider here. You can choose “Obtain an IP address Automatically” (equal to DHCP, please refer to “Dynamic IP” section above), or “Use The Following IP Address” (i.e. static IP address)

WAN interface settings must be correctly set, or the Internet connection will fail even those settings of PPTP settings are correct. Please contact your Internet service provider if you don't know what you should fill in these fields.

• PPTP Settings

User Name :	<input type="text"/>	
Password :	<input type="text"/>	
PPTP Gateway :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Connection ID :	<input type="text"/>	(Optional)
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1392"/>	(512<=MTU<=1492)
BEZEQ-ISRAEL :	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable (For BEZEQ network in ISRAEL use only)	
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/>	<input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	<input type="text" value="10"/>	(1-1000 Minute)

<i>User Name</i>	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Password</i>	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>PPTP Gateway</i>	Please input the IP address of PPTP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.
<i>Connection ID</i>	Please input the connection ID here, this is optional and you can leave it blank.
<i>MTU</i>	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default value.
<i>BEZEQ-ISRAEL</i>	Setting item "BEZEQ-ISRAEL" is only required to check if you're using the service provided by BEZEQ network in Israel.
<i>Connection Type</i>	<p>Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use, please refer to last section for detailed descriptions.</p> <p>Continuous – The connection will be kept always on. If the connection is interrupted, the router will re-connect automatically.</p> <p>Connect On-Demand – Only connect when you want to surf the Internet. "Idle Time Out" is set to stop the connection when the network traffic is not sending or receiving after an idle time.</p> <p>Manual – After you have selected this option, you will see the "Connect" button and "Disconnect" button, click "Connect" and the router will connect to the ISP. If you want to stop the connection, please click "Disconnect" button.</p>
<i>Idle Time Out</i>	If you have selected the connection type to "Connect-On-Demand", please input the idle time out.

When you finish with all settings, please click "Apply"; and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.2.6 L2TP

L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.

- **WAN Interface Settings**

Obtain an IP Address Automatically

Host Name :	<input type="text"/>	
MAC Address :	<input type="text" value="000000000000"/>	<input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/>

Use The Following IP Address

IP Address :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Subnet Mask :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	
Default Gateway :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	

- **L2TP Settings**

User Name :	<input type="text"/>	
Password :	<input type="text"/>	
L2TP Gateway :	<input type="text"/>	
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1392"/>	(512<=MTU<=1492)
Connection Type :	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/>	<input type="button" value="Connect"/> <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>
Idle Time Out :	<input type="text" value="10"/>	(1-1000 Minute)

User Name Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.

Password Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.

L2TP Gateway Please input the IP address of L2TP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.

<i>MTU</i>	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default value.
<i>Connection Type</i>	<p>Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use, please refer to last section for detailed descriptions.</p> <p>Continuous – The connection will be kept always on. If the connection is interrupted, the router will re-connect automatically.</p> <p>Connect On-Demand – Only connect when you want to surf the Internet. “Idle Time Out” is set to stop the connection when the network traffic is not sending or receiving after an idle time.</p> <p>Manual – After you have selected this option, you will see the “Connect” button and “Disconnect” button, click “Connect” and the router will connect to the ISP. If you want to stop the connection, please click “Disconnect” button.</p>
<i>Idle Time Out</i>	If you have selected the connection type to “Connect-On-Demand”, please input the idle time out.

When you finish with all settings, please click “Apply”; and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.2.7 Telstra Big Pond

Telstra Big Pond

If your Internet service is provided by Telstra Big Pond in Australia, you will need to enter your information below. This information is provided by Teistra BigPond.

User Name :	<input type="text"/>
Password :	<input type="password"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Assign login server manually	
Server IP Address :	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>

This setting only works when you're using Telstra big pond's network service in Australia. You need to input:

<i>User Name</i>	Please input the user name assigned by Telstra.
<i>Password</i>	Please input the password assigned by Telstra.
<i>Assign login Server Manually</i>	Check this box to choose login server by yourself.
<i>Server IP Address</i>	Please input the IP address of login server here.

When you finish with all settings, click "Apply"; and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click "Continue" to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click "Apply" to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click "Cancel" button.

6.2.8 DNS

If you select “Dynamic IP” or “PPPoE” as Internet connection method, at least one DNS server’s IP address should be assigned automatically. However, if you have preferred DNS server, or your service provider didn’t assign the IP address of DNS server because of any reason, you can input the IP address of DNS server here.

DNS

A Domain Name System (DNS) server is like an index of IP Addresses and Web Addresses. If you type a Web address into your browser, such as www.broadbandrouter.com, a DNS server will find that name in its index and find the matching IP address. Most ISPs provide a DNS server for speed and convenience. Since your Service Provider may connect you to the Internet through dynamic IP settings, it is likely that the DNS server IP Address is also provided dynamically. However, if there is a DNS server that you would rather use, you need to specify the IP Address of that DNS server. The primary DNS will be used for domain name access first, in case the primary DNS access failures, the secondary DNS will be used. Has your Internet service provider given you a DNS address?

DNS address :	<input type="text"/>
Secondary DNS Address (optional) :	<input type="text"/>

-
- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| <i>Primary DNS</i> | Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service provider. |
| <i>Secondary DNS</i> | Please input the IP address of another DNS server provided by your service provider, this is optional. |
-



Only IP address can be entered here; *DO NOT* use the hostname of DNS server! (i.e. only numeric characters and dots are accepted)

10.20.30.40..... Correct
dns.serviceprovider.com..... Incorrect

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.2.9 DDNS

DDNS (Dynamic DNS) is an IP-to-Hostname mapping service for those Internet users who don't have a static (fixed) IP address. It will be a problem when such user wants to provide services to other users on Internet, because their IP address will vary every time when connected to Internet, and other user will not be able to know the IP address they're using at a certain time.

This router supports DDNS service of several service providers, for example:

DynDNS (<http://www.dyndns.org>)

TZO (<http://www.tzo.com>)

Please go to one of DDNS service provider's webpage listed above, and get a free DDNS account by the instructions given on their webpage.

DDNS ?

DDNS allows users to map the static domain name to a dynamic IP address. You must get a account, password and your static domain name from the DDNS service providers. Our products have DDNS support for www.dyndns.org and www.tzo.com now.

Dynamic DNS :	<input type="radio"/> Enabled <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disabled
Provider :	DynDNS <input type="button" value="v"/>
Domain Name :	<input type="text"/>
Account / E-Mail :	<input type="text"/>
Password / Key :	<input type="text"/>

<i>Dynamic DNS</i>	If you want to enable DDNS function, please select “Enabled”; otherwise please select “Disabled”.
<i>Provider</i>	Select your DDNS service provider here.
<i>Domain Name</i>	Input the domain name you’ve obtained from DDNS service provider.
<i>Account / E-Mail</i>	Input account or email of DDNS registration.
<i>Password / Key</i>	Input DDNS service password or key.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.3 LAN

Before computer connects to router’s LAN port and access Internet, it must have an IP address that can communicate with router..

There are two ways to assign IP addresses to computer: **static IP address** (set the IP address for every computer manually), and **dynamic IP address** (IP address of computers will be assigned by router automatically).

It’s recommended for most of computers to use dynamic IP address, it will save a lot of time on setting IP addresses for every computer, especially when there are a lot of computers in your network; for servers and network devices which will provide services to other computer and users that come from Internet, static IP address should be used, so other computes can locate the server.

Please click “LAN” menu on the left of web management interface, there are three setup groups here: “LAN IP”, “DHCP Server”, and “Static DHCP Leases Table”. Here are setup instructions for each of them.

6.3.1 LAN IP Address

LAN Settings

You can enable the Broadband router’s DHCP server to dynamically allocate IP Addresses to your LAN client PCs. The broadband router must have an IP Address for the Local Area Network.

- LAN IP

IP address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
802.1d Spanning Tree	Disabled <input type="button" value="v"/>
DHCP Server	Enabled <input type="button" value="v"/>

<i>IP address</i>	Please input the IP address of this router.
<i>Subnet Mask</i>	Please input subnet mask for this network.
<i>802.1d Spanning Tree</i>	If you wish to activate 802.1d spanning tree function, select “Enabled” for setup item “802.1d Spanning Tree”, or set it to “Disabled”.
<i>DHCP Server</i>	If you want to activate DHCP server function of this router, select “Enabled”, or set it to “Disabled”.

6.3.2 DHCP Server

- DHCP Server

Lease Time	Forever <input type="button" value="v"/>
Start IP	192.168.1.100
End IP	192.168.1.200
Domain Name	<input type="text"/>

These settings are only available when “DHCP Server” in “LAN IP” section is “Enabled”, and here are descriptions of every setup items:

<i>Lease Time</i>	Please choose a lease time (the duration that every computer can keep a specific IP address) of every IP address assigned by this router from dropdown menu.
<i>Start IP</i>	Please input the start IP address of the IP range.
<i>End IP</i>	Please input the end IP address of the IP range.
<i>Domain Name</i>	If you wish, you can also optionally input the domain name for your network. This is optional.

6.3.3 Static DHCP Leases Table

This function allows you to assign a static IP address to a specific computer forever, so you don't have to set the IP address for a computer, and still enjoy the benefit of using DHCP server. Maximum 16 static IP addresses can be assigned here.

(If you set “Lease Time” to “forever” in “DHCP Server” section, you can also assign an IP address to a specific computer permanently, however, you will not be able to assign a certain IP address to a specific computer, since IP addresses will be assigned in random order by this way).

- Static DHCP Leases Table

It allows to entry 16 sets address only.

NO.	MAC address	IP address	Select
-----	-------------	------------	--------

<i>Enable Static DHCP Leases</i>	Check this box to enable this function, otherwise uncheck it to disable this function.
<i>MAC Address</i>	Input the MAC address of the computer or network device (total 12 characters, with character from 0 to 9, and from a to f, like "001122aabbcc")
<i>IP address</i>	Input the IP address you want to assign to this computer or network device.
<i>Add</i>	After you inputted MAC address and IP address pair, click this button to add the pair to static DHCP leases table.

If you want to remove all characters you just entered, click "Clear".

After you clicked "Add", the MAC address and IP address mapping will be added to "Static DHCP Leases Table" section.

Enable Static DHCP Leases

New	MAC address :	IP address :	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Clear"/>

If you want to delete a specific item, please check the "Select" box of a MAC address and IP address mapping, then click "Delete" button; if you want to delete all mappings, click "Delete All".

After you finish all LAN settings, please click "Apply" button on the bottom of this page. After you click "Apply", the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click "Continue" to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click "Apply" to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

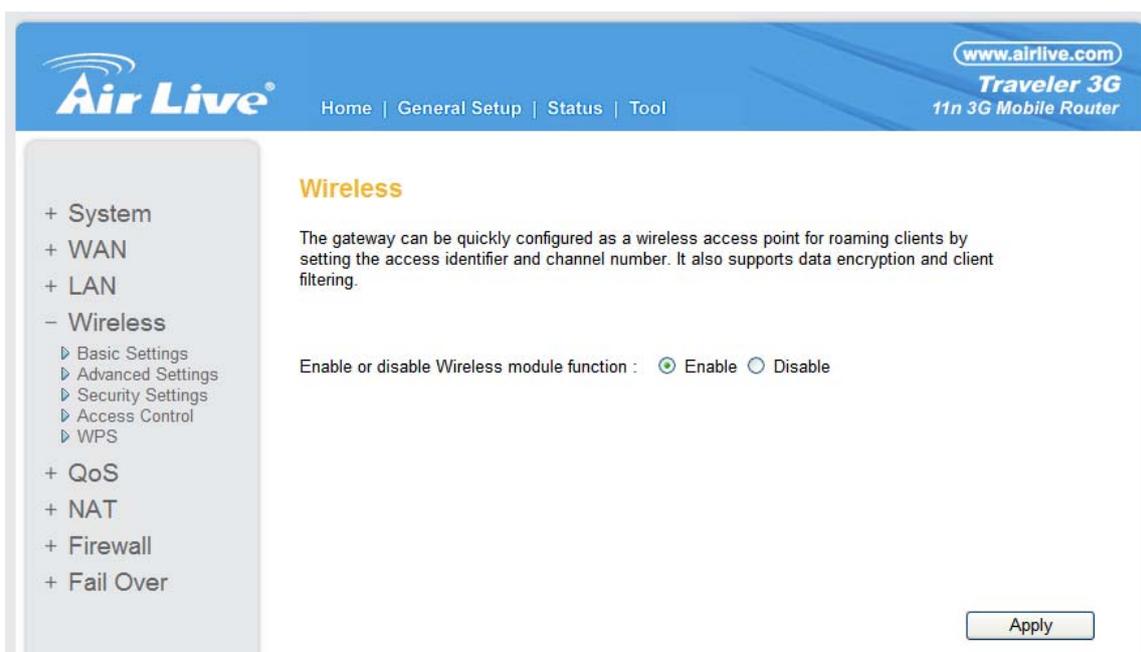
6.4 Wireless

If your computer, PDA, game console, or other network devices which is equipped with wireless network interface, you can use the wireless function of this router to let them connect to Internet and share resources with other computers with wired-LAN connection. You can also use the built-in security functions to protect your network from being intruded by malicious intruders.

Please follow the following instructions to set wireless parameters:

Please click “Wireless” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser. You must enable wireless function of this router, or the wireless interface of this router will not function. Please select “Enable”, then click “Apply” button.

If you want to disable wireless function, please select “Disable”, then click “Apply” button.



After you click “Apply”, and then the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.4.1 Basic Settings

Please click “Wireless” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Basic Settings”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Basic Settings

This page allows you to define ESSID, and Channel for the wireless connection. These parameters are used for the wireless stations to connect to the Access Point.

Band :	2.4 GHz (B+G+N) ▼
SSID :	default
Channel Number :	11 ▼
Associated Clients :	Show Active Clients

BAND

Please select the radio band you want to use from “Band” dropdown menu, and the following message will be displayed:

2.4 GHz (B): 2.4GHz band, only allows 802.11b wireless network client to connect this router (maximum transfer rate 11Mbps).

2.4 GHz (N): 2.4GHz band, only allows 802.11n wireless network client to connect this router (maximum transfer rate 150Mbps).

2.4 GHz (B+G): 2.4GHz band, only allows 802.11b and 802.11g wireless network client to connect this router (maximum transfer rate 11Mbps for 802.11b clients, and maximum 54Mbps for 802.11g clients).

2.4 GHz (G): 2.4GHz band, only allows 802.11g wireless network client to connect this router (maximum transfer rate 54Mbps).

2.4 GHz (B+G+N): 2.4GHz band, allows 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n wireless network client to connect this router (maximum transfer rate 11Mbps for 802.11b clients, maximum 54Mbps for 802.11g clients, and maximum 150Mbps for 802.11n clients).

SSID

This is the name of wireless router. You can type any alphanumerical characters here, maximum 32 characters. ESSID is used to identify your own wireless router from others when there are

other wireless routers in the same area. Default SSID is “airlive”, you can change default ESSID name to the one which is meaningful to you, like myhome, office_room1, etc.

Channel Number Please select a channel from the dropdown list of “Channel Number”, available channel numbers are 1 to 13 for European countries, 1 to 11 for USA. You can choose any channel number you want to use, and almost all wireless clients can locate the channel you’re using automatically without any problem. However, it’s still useful to remember the channel number you use, some wireless client supports manual channel number select, and this would help in certain scenario when there is some radio communication problem.

Associated Clients Click “Show Active Clients” button, then an “Active Wireless Client Table” will pop up. You can see the status of all active wireless stations that are connecting to the access point.



If you don’t have special reason to limit the type of allowed wireless client, it’s recommended to choose “2.4 GHz (B+G+N)” to maximize wireless client compatibility.



You can try to change channel number to another one if you think the data transfer rate is too slow. There could be some other wireless routers using the same channel, which will disturb the radio communication between wireless client and the wireless router.

After you finish the wireless setting, please click “Apply” button, after you click “Apply”, the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Continue

Apply

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.4.2 Advanced Settings

The Traveler 3G provides some advanced control of wireless parameters, if you want to configure these settings, please click “Wireless” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Advanced Settings”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Advanced Settings

These settings are only for more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledge about wireless LAN. These settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the changes will have on your Broadband router.

Fragment Threshold:	<input type="text" value="2346"/>	(256-2346)
RTS Threshold:	<input type="text" value="2347"/>	(0-2347)
Beacon Interval:	<input type="text" value="100"/>	(20- 1000 ms)
DTIM Period:	<input type="text" value="3"/>	(1-10)
Data Rate:	Auto <input type="button" value="v"/>	
N Data Rate:	Auto <input type="button" value="v"/>	
Channel Width:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto 20/40 MHZ <input type="radio"/> 20 MHZ	
Preamble Type:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Short Preamble <input type="radio"/> Long Preamble	
Broadcast Essid:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	
CTS Protect:	<input type="radio"/> Auto <input type="radio"/> Always <input checked="" type="radio"/> None	
Tx Power:	100 % <input type="button" value="v"/>	
WMM:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	

-
- Fragment Threshold* Set the Fragment threshold of wireless radio.
Do not modify default value if you don't know how to configure it, default value is 2346.
 - RTS Threshold* Set the RTS threshold of wireless radio.
Do not modify default value if you don't know how to configure it, default value is 2347.
 - Beacon Interval* Set the beacon interval of wireless radio.
Do not modify default value if you don't know how to configure it, default value is 100.

<i>DTIM Period</i>	Set the DTIM period of wireless radio. Do not modify default value if you don't know how to configure it, default value is 3.
<i>Data Rate</i>	Set the wireless data transfer rate to a certain value. Since most of wireless devices will negotiate with each other and pick a proper data transfer rate automatically, it's not necessary to change this value unless you know what will happen after modification.
<i>N Data Rate</i>	Same as above, but only for 802.11n clients.
<i>Channel Width</i>	Set channel width of wireless radio. Do not modify default value if you don't know how to configure it, default setting is "Auto 20/40 MHz".
<i>Preamble Type</i>	Set the type of preamble. Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default setting is "Short Preamble".
<i>Broadcast ESSID</i>	Decide if the wireless router will broadcast its own ESSID or not. You can hide the ESSID of your wireless router (set the option to "Disable"), so only people those who know the ESSID of your wireless router can get connected.
<i>CTS Protect</i>	Enabling this setting will reduce the chance of radio signal collisions between 802.11b and 802.11g/n wireless access points. It's recommended to set this option to "Auto" or "Always". However, if you set to "None", your wireless router should be able to work fine, too.
<i>Tx Power</i>	You can set the output power of wireless radio. Unless you're using this wireless router in a really big space, you may not have to set output power to 100%. This will enhance security (malicious / unknown users in distance will not be able to reach your wireless router).
<i>WMM</i>	The short of Wi-Fi MultiMedia, it will enhance the data transfer performance of multimedia contents when they're being transferred over wireless network. If you don't know how to configure it or you are not sure if you need it, it's safe to set this option to "Enable", and however, default value is "Disable".

After you finish Advanced Wireless Settings, please click "Apply" button, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.4.3 Security Setting

It's very important to set wireless security settings properly!

If you don't configure it, hackers and malicious users can reach your network and valuable data without your consent and this will cause serious security problem.

To set wireless security settings, Please click “Wireless” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Security Settings”, then refer to the following instructions to set wireless security settings:

Please select an encryption method from “Encryption” dropdown menu, there are four options:

6.4.3.1 Disable wireless security

When you select this mode, data encryption is disabled, and every wireless device in proximity will be able to connect your wireless router if no other security measure is enabled.

Security Settings

This page allows you setup the wireless security. Turn on WEP or WPA by using Encryption Keys could prevent any unauthorized access to your wireless network.

Encryption :

Enable 802.1x Authentication



Only use this option when you really want to allow everyone to use your wireless router, and you don't care someone else can read the data without your consent.

6.4.3.2 WEP - Wired Equivalent Privacy

When you select this mode, the wireless router will use WEP encryption, and the following setup menu will be shown on your web browser:

Encryption :	WEP
Key Length :	64-bit
Key Format :	Hex (10 Characters)
Default Tx Key :	Key 1
Encryption Key 1 :	*****
Encryption Key 2 :	*****
Encryption Key 3 :	*****
Encryption Key 4 :	*****

Enable 802.1x Authentication

Key Length There are two types of WEP key length: 64-bit and 128-bit. Using “128-bit” is safer than “64-bit”, but will reduce some data transfer performance.

Key Format There are two types of key format: ASCII and Hex. When you select a key format, the number of characters of key will be displayed. For example, if you select “64-bit” as key length, and “Hex” as key format, you’ll see the message at the right of “Key Format” is Hex (10 characters), which means the length of WEP key is 10 characters.

Default Tx Key You can configure up to four sets of WEP key, and you can decide which key is being used by default here. **If you don’t know which one you should use, select “Key 1”.**

Encryption Key 1 to 4 (5-8) Input WEP key characters here, the number of characters must be the same as the number displayed at “Key Format” field. You can use any alphanumerical characters (0-9, a-z, and A-Z) if you select “ASCII” key format, and if you select “Hex” as key format, you can use characters 0-9, a-f, and A-F. You must enter at least one encryption key here, and if you entered multiple WEP keys, they should not be same with each other.

Enable 802.1x Authentication IEEE 802.1x is an authentication protocol. Every user must use a valid account to login to this wireless router before accessing the wireless LAN. The authentication is processed by a RADIUS server. This mode only authenticates user by IEEE 802.1x, but it does not encryption the data during communication. If there is a RADIUS server in you environment, please enable this function. Check this box and another sub-menu will appear:

Enable 802.1x Authentication

RADIUS Server IP Address :	<input type="text"/>
RADIUS Server Port :	<input type="text" value="1812"/>
RADIUS Server Password :	<input type="text"/>

RADIUS Server IP Address: Please input the IP address of radius server here

RADIUS Server Port Please input the port number of radius server here.

RADIUS Server Password: Please input the port number of radius password here.

 **Examples of WEP key:
(Don't use those examples; use the one of your own!):**

ASCII (5 characters): pilot phone 23561 2Hyux #@xml
ASCII (13 characters): digitalFAMILY 82Jh26xHy3m&n
Hex (10 characters): 287d2aa732 1152dabc85
Hex (26 characters): 9284bcda8427c9e036f7abcd84

To improve security level, do not use those words which can be found in a dictionary or too easy to remember! ("pilot" and "phone" listed above are bad examples; just intended to show you how a WEP key look like). Wireless clients will remember the WEP key, so you only have to input the WEP key on wireless client once, and it's worthy to use complicated WEP key to improve security level.

After you finish WEP setting, please click "Apply" button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

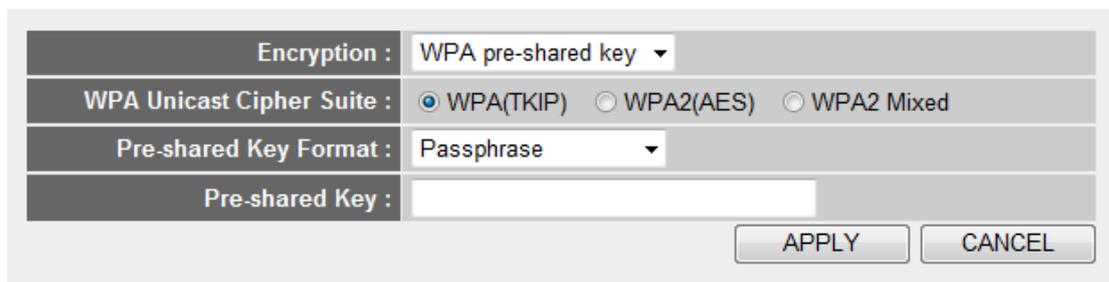
Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.4.3.3 Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)

When you select this mode, the wireless router will use WPA encryption, and the following setup menu will be shown on your web browser:



<i>WPA Unicast Cipher Suite</i>	Please select a type of WPA cipher suite. Available options are: WPA (TKIP), WPA2 (AES), and WPA2 Mixed. You can select one of them, but you have to make sure your wireless client support the cipher you selected.
<i>Pre-shared Key Format</i>	Select the type of pre-shared key, you can select Passphrase (8 or more alphanumerical characters, up to 63), or Hex (64 characters of 0-9, and a-f).
<i>Pre-shared Key</i>	Please input the WPA passphrase here. It's not recommended to use a word that can be found in a dictionary due to security reason.

After you finish WPA Pre-shared key setting, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.4.3.4 WPA RADIUS

If you have a RADIUS server, this router can work with it and provide safer wireless authentication.

Encryption :	WPA RADIUS
WPA Unicast Cipher Suite :	<input checked="" type="radio"/> WPA(TKIP) <input type="radio"/> WPA2(AES) <input type="radio"/> WPA2 Mixed
RADIUS Server IP Address :	<input type="text"/>
RADIUS Server Port :	1812
RADIUS Server Password :	<input type="text"/>

<i>WPA Unicast Cipher Suite</i>	Please select a type of WPA cipher suite. Available options are: WPA (TKIP), WPA2 (AES), and WPA2 Mixed. You can select one of them, but you have to make sure your wireless client support the cipher you selected.
<i>RADIUS Server IP address</i>	Please input the IP address of your Radius authentication server here.
<i>RADIUS Server Port</i>	Please input the port number of your Radius authentication server here. Default setting is 1812.
<i>RADIUS Server Password</i>	Please input the password of your Radius authentication server here.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.4.4 Access Control

This function will help you to prevent unauthorized users from connecting to your wireless router; only those wireless devices who have the MAC address you assigned here can gain access to your wireless router. You can use this function with other security measures described in previous section, to create a safer wireless environment.

Up to 20 MAC addresses can be assigned by using this function. Please click “Wireless” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Access Control”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Access Control

For security reason, the Access Point features MAC Address Filtering that only allows authorized MAC Addresses associating to the Access Point.

- **MAC Address Filtering Table**
It allows to entry 20 sets address only.

NO.	MAC address	Comment	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Wireless Access Control			
New	MAC address : <input type="text"/>	Comment: <input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Clear"/>
			<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

All allowed MAC addresses will be displayed in “MAC Address Filtering Table”.

<i>Delete</i>	If you want to delete a specific MAC address entry, check the “select” box of the MAC address you want to delete, then click “Delete” button. (You can select more than one MAC addresses).
<i>Delete All</i>	If you want to delete all MAC addresses listed here, please click “Delete All” button.
<i>Enable Wireless Access Control</i>	To enforce MAC address filtering, you have to check “Enable Wireless Access Control”. When this item is unchecked, wireless router will not enforce MAC address filtering of wireless clients.

<i>MAC Address</i>	Input the MAC address of your wireless devices here, dash (-) or colon (:) are not required. (i.e. If the MAC address label of your wireless device indicates “aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff” or “aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff”, just input “aabbccddeeff”.
<i>Comment</i>	You can input any text here as the comment of this MAC address, like “ROOM 2A Computer” or anything. You can input up to 16 alphanumerical characters here. This is optional and you can leave it blank, however, it’s recommended to use this field to write a comment for every MAC addresses as a memory aid.
<i>Add</i>	Click “Add” button to add the MAC address and associated comment to the MAC address filtering table.
<i>Clear</i>	Click “Clear” to remove the value you inputted in MAC address and comment field.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.4.5 WPS

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and this wireless router. You don't have to select encryption mode and input a long encryption passphrase every time when you need to setup a wireless client, you only have to press a button on wireless client and this wireless router, and the WPS will do the rest for you.

This wireless router supports two types of WPS: Push-Button Configuration (PBC), and PIN code. If you want to use PBC, you have to push a specific button on the wireless client to start WPS mode, and switch this wireless router to WPS mode too. You can push Reset/WPS button of this wireless router, or click "Start PBC" button in the web configuration interface to do this; if you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code of wireless client and switch it to WPS mode, then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to this wireless router. The detailed instructions are listed follow:

Please click "Wireless" menu on the left of web management interface, then click "WPS", and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

WPS(Wi-Fi Protected Setup) Settings

This page allows you to change the setting for WPS(Wi-Fi Protected Setup).WPS can help your wireless client automatically connect to the Access Point.

Enable WPS

- **Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information**

WPS Status:	Configured
Self PinCode:	20654481
SSID	default
Authentication Mode	Disable
Passphrase Key	

- **Device Configure**

Config Mode:	Registrar
Configure via Push Button:	<input type="button" value="Start PBC"/>
Configure via Client PinCode:	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Start PIN"/>

<i>Enable WPS</i>	Check this box to enable WPS function, uncheck it to disable WPS.
<i>Delete All</i>	If you want to delete all MAC addresses listed here, please click “Delete All” button.
<i>Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information</i>	<p>WPS-related system information will be displayed here:</p> <p>WPS Status: If the wireless security (encryption) function of this wireless router is properly set, you’ll see “Configured” message here. If wireless security function has not been set, you’ll see “unConfigured”.</p> <p>Self PIN code: This is the WPS PIN code of this wireless router. This code is useful when you need to build wireless connection by WPS with other WPS-enabled wireless devices.</p> <p>SSID: The SSID of this wireless router will be displayed here.</p> <p>Authentication Mode: The wireless security authentication mode of this wireless router will be displayed here. If you don’t enable security function of the wireless router before WPS is activated, the router will auto set the security to WPA (AES) and generate a set of passphrase key for WPS connection.</p> <p>Passphrase Key: The wireless security key of the router will be displayed here.</p>
<i>Config Mode</i>	There are “Registrar” and “Enrollee” modes for the WPS connection. When “Registrar” is enabled, the wireless clients will follow the router’s wireless settings for WPS connection. When “Enrollee” mode is enabled, the router will follow the wireless settings of wireless client for WPS connection.
<i>Configure by Push Button</i>	Click “Start PBC” to start Push-Button style WPS setup procedure. This wireless router will wait for WPS requests from wireless clients for 2 minutes. The “WLAN” LED on the wireless router will be steady on for 2 minutes when this wireless router is waiting for incoming WPS request.
<i>Configure By Client PinCode</i>	Please input the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect, and click “Start PIN” button. The “WLAN” LED on the wireless router will be steady on when this wireless router is waiting for incoming WPS request.



Never use simple words (like school, apple and computer) as WEP encryption or WPA passphrase.



A complicated (the combination of number, alphabet, even symbol, and long enough) WEP key and WPA passphrase is much safer than simple and short ones. Remember that the wireless client is capable to keep the key or passphrase for you, so you only have to input the complicated key or passphrase once. It's not too trouble but will greatly improve security level.



You can hide the ESSID of this router by set "Broadcast ESSID" option to "Disable". Your wireless router will not be found by other people in proximity if they're just using the AP scanning function of their wireless client, and this can reduce the chance of being intruded.



Use "Access Control" function and those people who are not in your list will not be able to connect to your network.

6.5 QoS

Quality of service provides an efficient way for computers on the network to share the internet bandwidth with a promised quality of internet service. Without QoS, all computers and devices on the network will compete with each other to get internet bandwidth, and some applications which require guaranteed bandwidth (like video streaming and network telephone) will be affected, therefore an unpleasing result will occur, like the interruption of video / audio transfer.

With this function, you can limit the maximum bandwidth or give a guaranteed bandwidth for a specific computer, to avoid said unpleasing result from happening.

6.5.1 Basic QoS Settings

Please refer to the following instructions to set QoS parameters:

Please click “QoS” menu on the left of web management interface and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

QoS

Quality of Service (QoS) refers to the capability of a network to provide better service to selected network traffic. The primary goal of QoS is to provide priority including dedicated bandwidth, controlled jitter and latency (required by some real-time and interactive traffic), and improved loss characteristics. Also important is making sure that providing priority for one or more flows does not make other flows fail.

Enable QoS

Total Download Bandwidth:	--Select--	>>	0	kbits
Total Upload Bandwidth:	--Select--	>>	0	kbits

Current QoS Table

Priority	Rule Name	Upload Bandwidth	Download Bandwidth	Select
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> Add Edit Delete Selected Delete All Move Up Move Down Reset </div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"> Apply Cancel </div>				

Enable QoS Check this box to enable QoS function, unselect this box if you don't want to enforce QoS bandwidth limitations.

Total Download Bandwidth You can set the limit of total download bandwidth in kbits. To disable download bandwidth limitation, input “0” here.

<i>Total Upload Bandwidth</i>	You can set the limit of total upload bandwidth in kbits. To disable upload bandwidth limitation, input “0” here.
<i>Current QoS Table</i>	All existing QoS rules will be displayed here.
<i>Add</i>	Click “add” button to add a new QoS rule.
<i>Edit</i>	If you want to modify the content of a specific rule, please check the “select” box of the rule you want to edit, then click “Edit” button. Only one rule should be selected a time! If you didn’t select a rule before clicking “Edit” button, you’ll be prompted to add a new rule.
<i>Delete Selected</i>	You can delete selected rules by clicking this button. You can select one or more rules to delete by check the “select” the box of the rule(s) you want to delete a time. If the QoS table is empty, this button will be grayed out and can not be clicked.
<i>Delete All</i>	By clicking this button, you can delete all rules currently in the QoS table. If the QoS table is empty, this button will be grayed out and can not be clicked.
<i>Move Up</i>	You can pull up the priority of the QoS rule you selected by clicking this button.
<i>Move Down</i>	You can lower the priority of the QoS rule you selected by clicking this button.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.5.2 QoS Configurations

After you click “Add” button in QoS menu, the following message will appear:

QoS

This page allows users to add/modify the QoS rule's settings.

Rule Name :	<input type="text"/>
Bandwidth :	Download <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="text"/> Kbps <input type="button" value="v"/> guarantee <input type="button" value="v"/>
Local IP Address :	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>
Local Port Range :	<input type="text"/>
Remote IP Address :	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>
Remote Port Range :	<input type="text"/>
Protocol :	TCP <input type="button" value="v"/>

<i>Rule Name</i>	Please give a name to this QoS rule (up to 15 alphanumerical characters)
<i>Bandwidth</i>	Set the bandwidth limitation of this QoS rule. You have to select the data direction of this rule (Upload or Download), and the speed of bandwidth limitation in Kbps, then select the type of QoS: “guarantee” (guaranteed usable bandwidth for this rule) or “max” (set the maximum bandwidth for the application allowed by this rule).
<i>Local IP Address</i>	Specify the local (source) IP address that will be affected by this rule. Please input the starting IP address in the left field, and input the end IP address in the right field to define a range of IP addresses, or just input the IP address in the left field to define a single IP address.
<i>Local IP Range</i>	Please input the range of local (source) port number that will be affected by this rule. If you want to apply this rule on port 80 to 90, please input “80-90”; if you want to apply this rule on a single port, just input the port number, like “80”.
<i>Remote IP Address</i>	Specify the remote (destination) IP address that will be affected by this rule. Please input the starting IP address in the left field, and input the end IP address in the right field to define a range of IP addresses, or just input the IP address in the left field to define a single IP address.

<i>Remote Port Range</i>	Please input the range of remote (destination) port number that will be affected by this rule. If you want to apply this rule on port 80 to 90, please input "80-90"; if you want to apply this rule on a single port, just input the port number, like "80". If the remote (destination) IP address and /or port number is universal, just leave it blank.
<i>Traffic Type</i>	Please select the traffic type of this rule, available options are None, SMTP, HTTP, POP3, and FTP. You can select a specific traffic type for this rule, if you want to make this rule as a IP address based rule (apply the limitation on all traffics from / to the specified IP address / port number), select "None".
<i>Protocol</i>	Please select the protocol type of this rule, available options are TCP and UDP. If you don't know what protocol your application uses, please try "TCP" first, and switch to "UDP" if this rule doesn't seems to work.

After you finish with all settings, please click "Save" button, you'll be brought back to previous menu, and the rule you just set will appear in current QoS table; if you did anything wrong, you'll get an error message when you click "Save" button, please correct your input by the instructions given by the error message.

If you want to erase all values you just entered. Click "Reset".

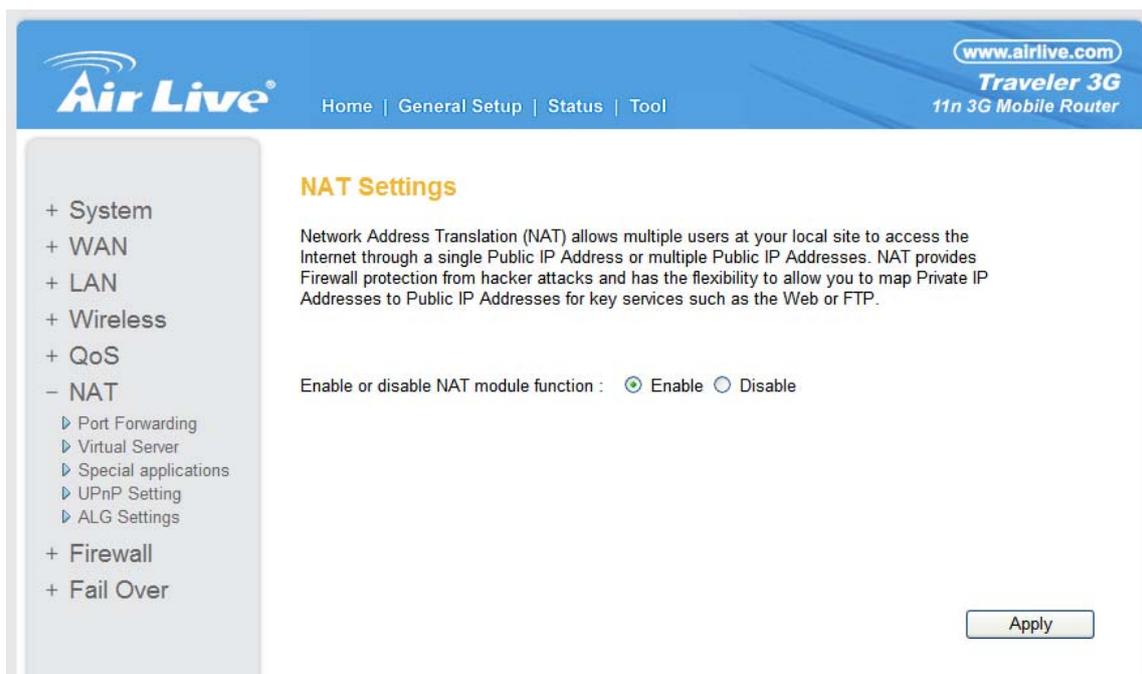
6.6 Network Address Translation (NAT)

Network address translations solve the problem if sharing a single IP address to multiple computers. Without NAT, all computers must be assigned with a valid Internet IP address to get connected to Internet, but Internet service providers only provide very few IP addresses to every user. Therefore it's necessary to use NAT technology to share a single Internet IP address to multiple computers on local network, so everyone can get connected to Internet.

Please follow the following instructions to set NAT parameters:

6.6.1 Basic NAT Settings (Enable or disable NAT function)

Please click “NAT” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



To enable NAT function, please select “Enable” for “Enable NAT module function”; to disable, please select “Disable”.

After you made the selection, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.6.2 Port Forwarding

This function allows you to redirect a single port or consecutive ports of Internet IP address to the same port of the IP address on local network. The port number(s) of Internet IP address and private IP address (the IP address on local network) must be the same. If the port number of Internet IP address and private IP address is different, please use “Virtual Server” function, described in next section.

Please click “NAT” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Port Forwarding”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Port Forwarding

Entries in this table allow you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall. These settings are only necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Gateway's NAT firewall.

Enable Port Forwarding

Private IP	Computer name	Type	Port Range	Comment
<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="<<"/> -----Select----- <input type="button" value="v"/>	Both <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

• Current Port Forwarding Table

NO.	Computer name	Private IP	Type	Port Range	Comment	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>						

<i>Enable Port Forwarding</i>	Check this box to enable port mapping, and uncheck this box to disable port mapping.
<i>Private IP</i>	Input the IP address of the computer on local network which provides internet service.
<i>Computer Name</i>	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.
<i>Type</i>	Select the type of connection, TCP or UDP. If you're not sure, please select "Both".
<i>Port Range</i>	Input the starting port number in the left field, and input the ending port number in the right field. If you only want to redirect a single port number, just fill the port number in the left field.
<i>Comment</i>	Please input any text to describe this mapping, up to 16 alphanumerical characters.
<i>Add</i>	Add the mapping to port forwarding table.
<i>Reset</i>	Remove all inputted values.
<i>Port Forwarding Table</i>	All existing port forwarding mappings will be displayed here.
<i>Delete</i>	Please select a port forwarding mapping by clicking the "Select" box of the mapping, then click "Delete Selected" button to remove the mapping. If there's no existing mapping, this button will be grayed out.
<i>Delete All</i>	Delete all mappings existed in virtual server table.
<i>Reset</i>	Unselect all mappings.

After you finish with all settings, please click "Apply" button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.6.3 Virtual Server

This function allows you to redirect a port on Internet IP address (on WAN port) to a specified port of an IP address on local network, so you can setup an Internet service on the computer on local network, without exposing it on Internet directly. You can also build many sets of port redirection, to provide many different Internet services on different local computers via a single Internet IP address.

Please click “NAT” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Virtual Server”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Virtual Server ?

You can configure the Broadband router as a Virtual Server so that remote users accessing services such as the Web or FTP at your local site via Public IP Addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with Private IP Addresses. In other words, depending on the requested service (TCP/UDP) port number, the Broadband router redirects the external service request to the appropriate internal server (located at one of your LAN's Private IP Address).

Enable Virtual Server

Private IP	Computer name	Private Port	Type	Public Port	Comment
<input type="text"/>	<< -----Select----- >>	<input type="text"/>	Both	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

• Current Virtual Server Table

NO.	Computer name	Private IP	Private Port	Type	Public Port	Comment	Select

<i>Enable Virtual Server</i>	Check this box to enable virtual server, and uncheck this box to disable virtual server.
<i>Private IP</i>	Input the IP address of the computer which provides Internet service.
<i>Computer Name</i>	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.
<i>Private Port</i>	Input the port number of the IP address which provides Internet service.
<i>Type</i>	Select the type of connection, TCP or UDP. If you're not sure, please select "Both".
<i>Public Port</i>	Please select the port number of Internet IP address which will be redirected to the port number of local IP address defined above.
<i>Comment</i>	Please input any text to describe this mapping, up to 16 alphanumerical characters.
<i>Add</i>	Add the mapping to virtual server table.
<i>Reset</i>	Remove all inputted values.
<i>Virtual Server Table</i>	All existing virtual server mappings will be displayed here.
<i>Delete</i>	Please select a virtual server mapping by clicking the "Select" box of the mapping, then click "Delete Selected" button to remove the mapping. If there's no existing mapping, this button will be grayed out.
<i>Delete All</i>	Delete all mappings existed in virtual server table.
<i>Reset</i>	Unselect all mappings.

After you finish with all settings, please click "Apply" button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.6.4 Special Applications

Some applications require more than one connection a time; these applications won't work with simple NAT rules. In order to make these applications work, you can use this function to let these applications work.

Special Applications

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications cannot work when Network Address Translation (NAT) is enabled. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the public ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.
 Note: The range of the Trigger Port is 1 to 65535.

Enable

IP Address	Computer name	TCP Port	UDP Port	Comment
0.0.0.0	<< -----Select----- >>			
Popular Applications : Select Game <input type="button" value="Add"/>				

• **Current Trigger-Port Table**

NO.	Computer name	IP Address	TCP Port	UDP Port	Comment	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>						

<i>Enable</i>	Check this box to enable special applications and uncheck this box to disable virtual server.
<i>IP Address</i>	Input the IP address of the computer which you want to open the ports.
<i>Computer Name</i>	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.
<i>TCP Port to Open</i>	This is the out going (Outbound) range of TCP port numbers for this particular application.
<i>UDP Port to Open</i>	This is the out going (Outbound) range of UDP port numbers for this particular application.
<i>Comment</i>	Please input any text to describe this mapping, up to 16 alphanumerical characters.
<i>Popular Applications</i>	This section lists the more popular applications that require multiple connections. Select an application from the Popular Applications selection and click "Add" to save the setting to "Current Trigger-Port Table".
<i>Add</i>	Add the setting to the "Current Trigger-Port Table".
<i>Reset</i>	Click "Reset" will clear all above setting and you can set up again.
<i>Current Trigger-Port Table</i>	All the settings for the special applications will be listed here. If you want to remove some Special Application settings from the "Current Trigger-Port Table", select the Special Application settings you want to remove in the table and then click "Delete Selected". If you want remove all Special Application settings from the table, just click "Delete All" button. Click "Reset" will clear your current selections.
<i>Delete</i>	Please select a special application by clicking the "Select" box of the mapping, then click "Delete Selected" button to remove the setting. If there's no setting here, this button will be grayed out.
<i>Delete All</i>	Delete all settings existed in trigger port table.
<i>Reset</i>	Unselect all mappings.



Only one LAN client can use a particular special application at a time.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while the router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.6.5 UPnP Setting

This function enables network auto-configuration for peer-to-peer communications, with this function, network devices will be able to communicate with other devices directly, and learn about information about other devices. Many network device and applications rely on UPnP function nowadays.

Please click “NAT” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “UPnP”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

UPnP ?

UPnP is more than just a simple extension of the Plug and Play peripheral model. It is designed to support zero-configuration, "invisible" networking, and automatic discovery for a breadth of device categories from a wide range of vendors.

With UPnP, a device can dynamically join a network, obtain an IP address, convey its capabilities, and learn about the presence and capabilities of other devices-all automatically; truly enabling zero configuration networks. Devices can subsequently communicate with each other directly; thereby further enabling peer to peer networking.

UPnP Feature: Enable Disable

Apply

Cancel

There is only one option in this page, please select "Enable" or "Disable" to enable or disable UPnP function, then click "Apply" button, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Continue

Apply

Please click "Continue" to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click "Apply" to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click "Cancel" button.

6.6.6 ALG Settings

Application Layer Gateway (ALG) is a special function of this router. It includes many preset routing rules for numerous applications which require special support. With these supports, those applications which required special support will be able to work with NAT architecture.

Please click “NAT” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “ALG Settings”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Application Layer Gateway ?

Below are applications that need router's special support to make them work under the NAT. You can select applications that you are using.

Enable	Name	Comment
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Amanda	Support for Amanda backup tool protocol.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Egg	Support for eggdrop bot networks.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FTP	Support for FTP.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	H323	Support for H323/netmeeting.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	IRC	Allows DCC to work though NAT and connection tracking.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MMS	Support for Microsoft Streaming Media Services protocol.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Quake3	Support for Quake III Arena connection tracking and nat.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Talk	Allows netfilter to track talk connections.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	TFTP	Support for TFTP.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	IPsec	Support for IPsec passthrough
<input type="checkbox"/>	Starcraft	Support for Starcraft/Battle.net game protocol.
<input type="checkbox"/>	MSN	Support for MSN file tranfer.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RTSP	Support for RTSP.

There are many applications listed here. Please check the box of the special support for applications you need, and then click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

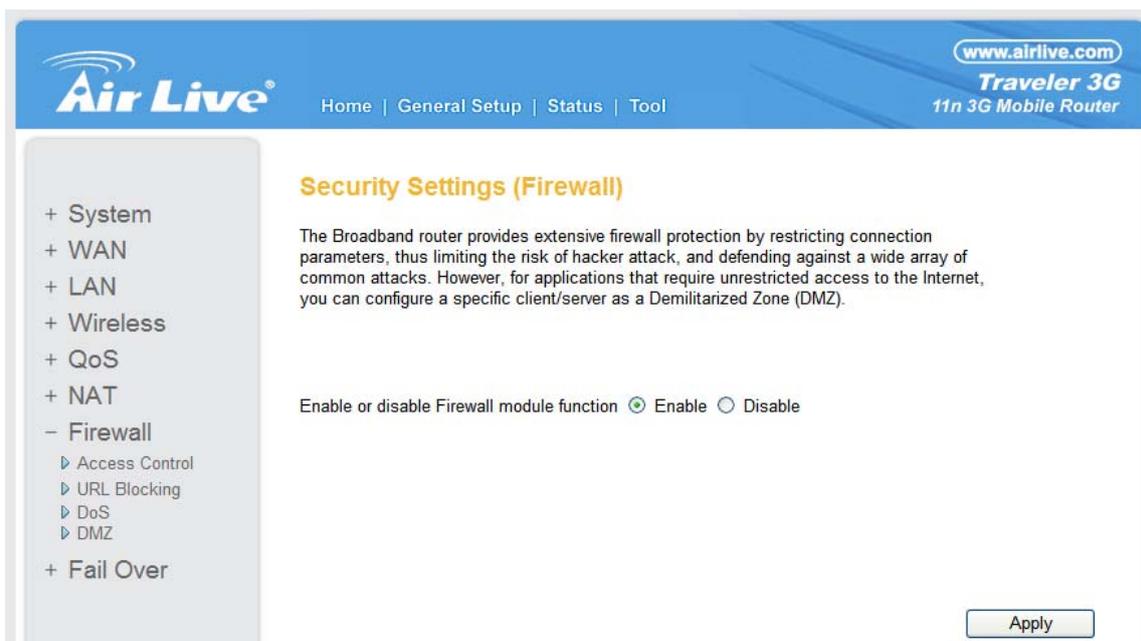
If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.7 Firewall

Excepting NAT, this router also provides firewall function to block malicious intruders from accessing your computers on local network. These functions include inbound attack prevention, and block outbound traffics, like block URLs which have pre-defined keywords.

Please refer to the following instructions to enable or disable firewall function:

Please click “Firewall” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please select “Enable” or “Disable” to enable or disable firewall function of this router, the click “Apply” button, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

6.7.1 Access Control

This function allows or denies computers with specific MAC address from connecting to the network; it can also allow or deny computers with specific IP address, protocol, or port.

Please click “Firewall” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “Access Control”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Access Control ?

Access Control allows users to define the traffic type permitted or not permitted in your LAN. You can control which PC client uses what services in which they can have access to these services. If both of MAC filtering and IP filtering are enabled simultaneously, the MAC filtering table will be checked first and then IP filtering table.

Enable MAC Filtering
 Deny
 Allow

Client PC MAC address	Computer name	Comment
<input type="text"/>	<< -----Select----- >>	<input type="text"/>

• MAC Filtering Table

NO.	Computer name	Client PC MAC address	Comment	Select

Enable IP Filtering Table (up to 20 computers)
 Deny
 Allow

NO.	Client PC	Client PC IP address	Client Service	Protocol	Port Range	Select

<i>Enable MAC Filtering</i>	Check this box to enable MAC address based filtering, and please select “Deny” or “Allow” to decide the behavior of MAC filtering table. If you select deny, all MAC addresses listed in filtering table will be denied from connecting to the network; if you select allow, only MAC addresses listed in filtering table will be able to connect to the network, and rejecting all other network devices.
<i>Client PC MAC address</i>	Please input the MAC address of computer or network device here, dash (-) or colon (:) are not required. (i.e. If the MAC address label of your wireless device indicates “aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff” or “aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff”, just input “aabbccddeeff”
<i>Computer Name</i>	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.
<i>Comment</i>	You can input any text here as the comment of this MAC address, like “ROOM 2A Computer” or anything. You can input up to 16 alphanumerical characters here. This is optional and you can leave it blank, however, it’s recommended to use this field to write a comment for every MAC addresses as a memory aid.
<i>Add</i>	Click “Add” button to add the MAC address and associated comment to the MAC address filtering table.
<i>Reset</i>	Remove all inputted values.
<i>MAC Filtering Table</i>	All existing MAC addresses in filtering table will be listed here.
<i>Delete</i>	If you want to delete a specific MAC address entry, check the “select” box of the MAC address you want to delete, then click “Delete Selected” button. (You can select more than one MAC addresses).
<i>Delete All</i>	If you want to delete all MAC addresses listed here, please click “Delete All” button.
<i>Reset</i>	You can also click “Reset” button to unselect all MAC addresses.
<i>Enable IP Filtering Table</i>	Check this box to enable IP address based filtering, and please select “Deny” or “Allow” to decide the behavior of IP filtering table. If you select deny, all IP addresses listed in filtering table will be denied from connecting to the network; if you select allow, only IP addresses listed in filtering table will be able to connect to the network, and rejecting all other network devices.

<i>IP Filtering Table</i>	All existing IP addresses in filtering table will be listed here.
<i>Add PC</i>	Click this button to add a new IP address to IP filtering table, up to 20 IP addresses can be added.
<i>Delete Selected</i>	If you want to delete a specific IP address entry, check the “select” box of the IP address you want to delete, then click “Delete Selected” button. (You can select more than one IP addresses).
<i>Delete All</i>	If you want to delete all IP addresses listed here, please click “Delete All” button.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.7.1.1 Add PC

After button is clicked, the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Client PC Description :	<input type="text"/>
Client PC IP address :	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>

Client PC Service :

Service Name	Detail Description	Select
WWW	HTTP, TCP Port 80, 3128, 8000, 8080, 8081	<input type="checkbox"/>
E-mail Sending	SMTP, TCP Port 25	<input type="checkbox"/>
News Forums	NNTP, TCP Port 119	<input type="checkbox"/>
E-mail Receiving	POP3, TCP Port 110	<input type="checkbox"/>
Secure HTTP	HTTPS, TCP Port 443	<input type="checkbox"/>
File Transfer	FTP, TCP Port 21	<input type="checkbox"/>
MSN Messenger	TCP Port 1863	<input type="checkbox"/>
Telnet Service	TCP Port 23	<input type="checkbox"/>
AIM	AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190	<input type="checkbox"/>
NetMeeting	H.323, TCP Port 389,522,1503,1720,1731	<input type="checkbox"/>
DNS	UDP Port 53	<input type="checkbox"/>
SNMP	UDP Port 161, 162	<input type="checkbox"/>
VPN-PPTP	TCP Port 1723	<input type="checkbox"/>
VPN-L2TP	UDP Port 1701	<input type="checkbox"/>
TCP	All TCP Port	<input type="checkbox"/>
UDP	All UDP Port	<input type="checkbox"/>

User Define Service

Protocol:	Both <input type="button" value="v"/>
Port Range:	<input type="text"/>

Client PC Description Please input any text to describe this IP address, up to 16 alphanumerical characters.

Client PC IP Address Please input the starting IP address in the left field, and input the end IP address in the right field to define a range of IP addresses, or just input the IP address in the left field to define a single IP address.

Client PC IP Service Please check all services you want to allow or deny this IP address to use, you can check multiple services.

Protocol If the service you need is not listed above, you can create a new service on your own. Please select TCP or UDP, if you're not sure, please select "Both".

Port Range Please input the port range of new service here. If you want to specify port 80 to 90, please input "80-90"; if you want to apply this rule on a single port, just input the port number, like "80".

Add When you finish with all settings, please click "Add" to save settings, you'll be brought back to previous menu, and the rule you just set will appear in current IP filtering table.

If you want to remove all settings in this page, click "Reset" button.

6.7.2 URL Blocking

If you want to prevent computers in local network from accessing certain website (like pornography, violence, or anything you want to block), you can use this function to stop computers in local network from accessing the site you defined here.

This function is useful for parents and company managers.

Please refer to the following instructions to set URL blocking parameters:

Please click “Firewall” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “URL Blocking”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

URL Blocking ?

You can block access to certain Web sites from a particular PC by entering either a full URL address or just a keyword of the Web site.

Enable URL Blocking

URL/Keyword

• Current URL Blocking Table

NO.	URL/Keyword	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>		

Enable URL Blocking Check this box to enforce URL Blocking, uncheck it to disable URL Blocking.

URL/Keyword Input the URL (host name or IP address of website, like <http://www.blocked-site.com> or <http://11.22.33.44>), or the keyword which is contained in URL (like pornography, cartoon, stock, or anything).

Add Click “Add” button to add the URL / keyword to the URL / Keyword filtering table.

Reset Click “Reset” to remove the value you inputted in URL/Keyword field.

Current URL Blocking Table All existing URL/Keywords in filtering table will be listed here.

<i>Delete Selected</i>	If you want to delete a specific URL/Keyword entry, check the “select” box of the MAC address you want to delete, then click “Delete Selected” button. (You can select more than one MAC addresses).
<i>Delete All</i>	If you want to delete all URL/Keyword listed here, please click “Delete All” button.
<i>Reset</i>	You can also click “Reset” button to unselect all URL/Keywords.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.7.3 DoS Attack Prevention

Denial of Service (DoS) is a common attack measure, by transmitting a great amount of data or request to your Internet IP address and server, the Internet connection will become very slow, and server may stop responding because it is not capable to handle too much traffics.

This router has a built-in DoS attack prevention mechanism; when you activate it, the router will stop the DoS attack for you.

Please refer to the following instructions to set DoS prevention parameters:

Please click “Firewall” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “DoS”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Denial of Service

The Broadband router's firewall can block common hacker attacks, including DoS, Discard Ping from WAN and Port Scan.

• Denial of Service Feature

Ping of Death	<input type="checkbox"/>
Discard Ping From WAN	<input type="checkbox"/>
Port Scan	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sync Flood	<input type="checkbox"/>

[Advanced Settings](#)

[Apply](#)

[Cancel](#)

<i>Ping of Death</i>	Ping of Death is a special packet, and it will cause certain computer to stop responding. Check this box and the router will filter this kind of packet out.
<i>Discard Ping From WAN</i>	Ping is a common and useful tool to know the connection status of a specified remote network device, but some malicious intruder will try to fill your network bandwidth with a lot of PING request data packet, to make your internet connection become very slow, even unusable. Check this box and the router will ignore all inbound PING request, but when you activate this function, you will not be able to ping your own router from internet, too.
<i>Port Scan</i>	Some malicious intruder will try to use a “port scanner” to know how many ports of your Internet IP address are open, and they can collect a lot of valuable information by doing so. Check this box and the router will block all traffics which are trying to scan your Internet IP address.
<i>Sync Flood</i>	This is another kind of attack, which uses a lot of fake connection request to consume the memory of your server, and try to make your server become unusable. Check this box and the router will filter this kind of traffic out.
<i>Advanced Settings</i>	Click this button and you can set advanced settings of the DoS prevention method listed above.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.

Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.7.3.1 DoS - Advanced Settings

When you click “Advanced” button in DoS menu, the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Denial of Service ?

The Broadband router’s firewall can block common hacker attacks, including DoS, Discard Ping from WAN and Port Scan.

Denial of Service Feature	
<input type="checkbox"/> Ping of Death	<input type="text" value="5"/> Packet(S) Per <input type="text" value="Second"/> Burst <input type="text" value="5"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Discard Ping From WAN	
<input type="checkbox"/> Port Scan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NMAP FIN / URG / PSH <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Xmas tree <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Another Xmas tree <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Null scan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SYN / RST <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SYN / FIN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SYN (only unreachable port)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sync Flood	<input type="text" value="30"/> Packet(S) Per <input type="text" value="Second"/> Burst <input type="text" value="30"/>

<i>Ping of Death</i>	Set the threshold of when this DoS prevention mechanism will be activated. Please check the box of Ping of Death, and input the frequency of threshold (how many packets per second, minute, or hour), you can also input the “Burst” value, which means when this number of “Ping of Death” packet is received in very short time, this DoS prevention mechanism will be activated.
<i>Discard Ping From WAN</i>	Check the box to activate this DoS prevention mechanism.
<i>Port Scan</i>	Many kind of port scan methods are listed here, please check one or more DoS attack methods you want to prevent.
<i>Sync Flood</i>	Like Ping of Death, you can set the threshold of when this DoS prevention mechanism will be activated.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.7.4 Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)

Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) refers to a special area in your local network. This area resides in local network, and all computers in this area uses private IP address, too. But these private IP addresses are mapped to a certain Internet IP address, so other people on Internet can fully access those computers in DMZ.

Please follow the following instructions to set DMZ parameters:

Please click “Firewall” menu on the left of web management interface, then click “DMZ”, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

DMZ(Demilitarized Zone) ?

If you have a local client PC that cannot run an Internet application properly from behind the NAT firewall, then you can open the client up to unrestricted two-way Internet access by defining a Virtual DMZ Host.

Enable DMZ

Public IP address	Client PC IP address	Computer name
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Dynamic IP Session 1 <input type="radio"/> Static IP 	<input type="text"/>	<< -----Select----- >>

• Current DMZ Table

NO.	Computer name	Public IP address	Client PC IP address	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>				

-
- Enable DMZ* Check this box to enable DMZ function, uncheck this box to disable DMZ function.

 - Public IP address* You can select “Dynamic IP” or “Static IP” here.
If you select “Dynamic IP”, you have to select an Internet connection session from dropdown menu; if you select “Static IP”, please input the IP address that you want to map to a specific private IP address.

 - Client PC IP address* Please input the private IP address that the Internet IP address will be mapped to.

 - Computer Name* Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.

<i>Add</i>	Click “Add” button to add the public IP address and associated private IP address to the DMZ table.
<i>Reset</i>	Click “Clear” to remove the value you inputted in Public IP address and Client PC IP address field.
<i>Current DMZ table</i>	All existing public IP address and private IP address mapping will be displayed here.
<i>Delete</i>	If you want to delete a specific DMZ entry, check the “select” box of the DMZ entry you want to delete, then click “Delete Selected” button. (You can select more than one DMZ entries).
<i>Delete All</i>	If you want to delete all DMZ entries listed here, please click “Delete All” button.
<i>Reset</i>	You can also click “Reset” button to unselect all DMZ entries.

After you finish with all settings, please click “Apply” button and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Save settings successfully!

You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system to make the changes take effect.



Please click “Continue” to back to previous setup menu; to continue on other setup procedures, or click “Apply” to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 60 seconds while router is rebooting).

If you want to reset all settings in this page back to previously-saved value, please click “Cancel” button.

6.8 Fail Over

WAN failure detection works by detecting the presence of traffic on the 3G modem link. If the link is idle for too long the router will attempt to ping a target IP address. If the ping does not reply, the router assumes the link is down and attempts to fail over to Ethernet WAN link.

Fail Over

Configure the priority of existing WAN connections and the rule for WAN fail over.

WAN FailOver :	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
WAN Priority :	3G/3.5G ▼
Idle Timeout Detect :	0 sec.
Ping Target IP :	0.0.0.0

Apply

<i>WAN FailOver</i>	Check this box to enable Fail Over function.
<i>WAN Priority</i>	Please select the WAN connection priority from the drop-down menu.
<i>Idle Timeout Detect</i>	Please input the idle time for detecting the Internet connection. If the major Internet connection is idle for this amount of time then the router will send a ping to the target IP Address you have assigned. If the ping gets a reply, the router will restart the idle timer, otherwise it will failover to the second priority of WAN connection.



<i>Ping Target IP</i>	Please input the target IP address you wish to ping out. If the major Internet connection is idle for too long the router will attempt to ping the target IP address.
<i>E-Mail Notification</i>	If you enable E-Mail Notification function, when the WAN connection fails the router will automatically attempt to connect to the second priority of WAN connection and mail a notification to you.

<i>SMTP Server</i>	Please input the SMTP Server you wish to use.
<i>Current DMZ table</i>	All existing public IP address and private IP address mapping will be displayed here.
<i>Delete</i>	If you want to delete a specific DMZ entry, check the “select” box of the DMZ entry you want to delete, then click “Delete Selected” button. (You can select more than one DMZ entries).
<i>Delete All</i>	If you want to delete all DMZ entries listed here, please click “Delete All” button.
<i>Reset</i>	You can also click “Reset” button to unselect all DMZ entries.

7

Status

The functions described here will provide you with system related information. To enter system status menu, please either click “Status” link located at the upper-right corner of web management interface, or click “Status” button in main menu.

7.1 System information and firmware version

You can use this function to know the system information and firmware version of this router.

Please click “Status” link located at the upper-right corner of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser

Status and Information

You can use the Status page to monitor the connection status for the Broadband router's; WAN/LAN interfaces, firmware and hardware version numbers, any illegal attempts to access your network, and information on all DHCP client PCs currently connected to your network.

System

Model	Traveler 3G
Up time	0day:0h:17m:20s
Hardware Version	Rev. A
Boot Code Version	1.0
Runtime Code Version	1.01b



Information displayed here may vary.

7.2 Internet Connection

You can use this function to know the status of current Internet connection.

Please click “Internet Connection” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Internet Connection

View the current internet connection status and related information.

WAN Status

Attain IP Protocol :	Dynamic IP disconnect
IP Address :	
Subnet Mask :	
Default Gateway :	0.0.0.0
MAC Address :	
Primary DNS :	
Secondary DNS :	

3G/3.5G Status

WWAN Status:	Disconnected
IP Address:	N/A
Subnet Mask:	N/A
Gateway:	N/A

This information will vary depending on the connection status.

7.3 Device Status

You can use this function to know the status of your router.

Please click “Device Status” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Device Status

View the current setting status of this device.

Wireless Configuration	
Mode	AP
ESSID	default
Channel Number	11
Security	Disable
LAN Configuration	
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server	Enable
MAC Address	00:4f:1f:1f:84:28

This information will vary depending on the device status.

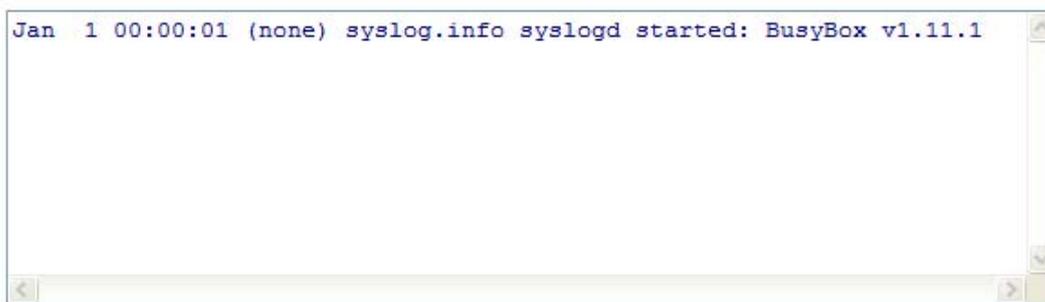
7.4 System Log

All important system events are logged. You can use this function to check the event log of your router.

Please click “System Log” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

System Log ?

View the system operation information. You can see the system start up time, connection process...etc. here.



```
Jan 1 00:00:01 (none) syslog.info syslogd started: BusyBox v1.11.1
```

<i>Save</i>	Save current event log to a text file.
<i>Clear</i>	Delete all event logs displayed here.
<i>Refresh</i>	Refresh the event log display.

7.5 Security Log

All information about network and system security is kept here, and you can use this function to check the security event log of your router.

Please click “Security Log” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Security Log ?

View any attempts that have been made to illegally gain access to your network.

```
[2000-01-01 00:00:31]: [DNS]: dns restart ...  
[2000-01-01 00:04:09]: [SNTP]: connect to TimeServer 192.43.244.18 ...  
[2000-01-01 00:04:09]: [SNTP]: connect fail!!
```

<i>Save</i>	Save current event log to a text file.
<i>Clear</i>	Delete all event logs displayed here.
<i>Refresh</i>	Refresh the event log display.

7.6 Active DHCP Client

If you're using the DHCP server function of this router, you can use this function to check all active DHCP leases issued by this router.

Please click "Active DHCP client" menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Active DHCP Client

This table shows the assigned IP address, MAC address and time expired for each DHCP leased client.

IP Address	MAC Address	Time Expired(s)
192.168.1.101	00:4f:63:01:37:ea	forever

Refresh

All information about active DHCP leases issued by this router will be displayed here. You can click "Refresh" button to display latest information.

7.7 Statistics

You can use this function to check the statistics of wireless, LAN, and WAN interface of this router.

Please click “Statistics” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Statistics

This page shows the packet counters for transmission and reception regarding to networks.

Refresh

Wireless LAN	<i>Sent Packets</i>	2581
	<i>Received Packets</i>	30224
Ethernet LAN	<i>Sent Packets</i>	6272
	<i>Received Packets</i>	5477
Ethernet WAN	<i>Sent Packets</i>	0
	<i>Received Packets</i>	0

You can click “Refresh” button to display latest information.

7.8 Modem Info

You can use this function to check the information of the 3G modem card.

Please click “Modem Info” menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Modem Info

Diagnostic 3G/3.5G modem information.

Manufacturer:	N/A
Product:	N/A
IMEI:	N/A
Signal:	N/A

8

Tool

8.1 Configuration Backup and Restore

You can backup all configurations of this router to a file, so you can make several copied of router configuration for security reason.

To backup or restore router configuration, please follow the following instructions:

Please click “Tool” located at the upper of web management interface, then click “Configuration Tools” on the left of web management interface, then the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Configuration Tools ?

Use the "Backup" tool to save the Broadband router's current configurations to a file named "config.bin". You can then use the "Restore" tool to restore the saved configuration to the Broadband router. Alternatively, you can use the "Restore to Factory Default" tool to force the Broadband router to perform System Reset and restore the original factory settings.

Backup Settings :

Restore Settings :

Restore to Factory Default :

<i>Backup Settings</i>	Press “Save...” button, and you’ll be prompted to download the configuration as a file, default filename is “config.bin”, you can save it as another filename for different versions, and keep it in a safe place.
<i>Restore Settings</i>	Press “Browse...” to pick a previously-saved configuration file from your computer, and then click “Upload” to transfer the configuration file to router. After the configuration is uploaded, the router’s configuration will be replaced by the file you just uploaded.
<i>Restore to Factory Default</i>	Click this button to remove all settings you made, and restore the configuration of this router back to factory default settings.

8.2 Firmware Upgrade

The system software used by this router is called as “firmware”, just like any applications on your computer, when you replace the old application with a new one; your computer will be equipped with new function. You can also use this firmware upgrade function to add new functions to your router, even fix the bugs of this router.

To upgrade firmware, please follow the following instructions:

Please click “Tool” located at the upper of web management interface, then click “Firmware Upgrade” on the left of web management interface, then the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Firmware Upgrade ?

This tool allows you to upgrade the Broadband router's system firmware.
Enter the path and name of the upgrade file and then click the APPLY button below. You will be prompted to confirm the upgrade.

The system will automatically reboot the router after you finished the firmware upgrade process. If you don't complete the firmware upgrade process in the "next" step, you have to reboot the router.

Please click “Next”, and the following message will be displayed:

Firmware Upgrade ?

This tool allows you to upgrade the Broadband router's system firmware.
Enter the path and name of the upgrade file and then click the APPLY button below. You will be prompted to confirm the upgrade.

Click “Browse” button first, you’ll be prompted to provide the filename of firmware upgrade file. Please download the latest firmware file from our website, and use it to upgrade your router.

After a firmware upgrade file is selected, click “Apply” button, and the router will start firmware upgrade procedure automatically. The procedure may take several minutes, please be patient.



Never interrupt the upgrade procedure by closing the web browser or physically disconnect your computer from router. If the firmware you uploaded is corrupt, the firmware upgrade will fail, and you may have to return this router to the dealer of purchase to ask for help. (Warranty voids if you interrupted the upgrade procedure).

8.3 System Reset

If you think the network performance is bad, or you found the behavior of the router is strange, you can perform a router reset, sometime it will solve the problem.

To do so, please click “Tool” located at the upper of web management interface, then click “Reset” on the left of web management interface, then the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Reset ?

In the event that the system stops responding correctly or stops functioning, you can perform a Reset. Your settings will not be changed. To perform the reset, click on the APPLY button below. You will be asked to confirm your decision. The Reset will be complete when the LED Power light stops blinking.

Please click “Apply” to reset your router, and it will be available again after few minutes, please be patient.

9

Frequent Asked Questions

If you found the router is working improperly or stop responding to you, don't panic! Before you contact your dealer of purchase for help, please read this troubleshooting first. Some problems can be solved by you within very short time!

Question: Router is not responding to me when I want to access it by web browser

Answer:

- a. Please check the connection of power cord and network cable of this router. All cords and cables should be correctly and firmly inserted to the router.

- b. If all LEDs on this router are off, please check the status of A/C power adapter, and make sure it's correctly powered.

- c. You must use the same IP address section which router uses.

- d. Are you using MAC or IP address filter? Try to connect the router by another computer and see if it works; if not, please restore your router to factory default settings (pressing "reset" button for over 10 seconds).

- e. Set your computer to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP), and see if your computer can get an IP address.

- f. If you did a firmware upgrade and this happens, contact your dealer of purchase for help.

- g. If all above solutions don't work, contact the dealer of purchase for help.

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Question: Can't get connected to Internet

Answer:

- a. Go to "Status" > "Internet Connection" menu, and check Internet connection status.

- b. Please be patient, sometime Internet is just that slow.

- c. If you connect a computer to Internet directly before, try to do that again,

and check if you can get connected to Internet with your computer directly attached to the device provided by your Internet service provider.

d. Check PPPoE / L2TP / PPTP user ID and password again.

e. Call your Internet service provide and check if there's something wrong with their service.

f. If you just can't connect to one or more website, but you can still use other internet services, please check URL/Keyword filter.

g. Try to reset the router and try again later.

h. Reset the device provided by your Internet service provider too.

i. Try to use IP address instead of hostname. If you can use IP address to communicate with a remote server, but can't use hostname, please check DNS setting.

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Question: Router is not responding to me when I want to access it by web browser

Answer: **a.** Please check the connection of power cord and network cable of this router. All cords and cables should be correctly and firmly inserted to the router.

b. If all LEDs on this router are off, please check the status of A/C power adapter, and make sure it's correctly powered.

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e. Set your computer to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP), and see if your computer can get an IP address.

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=====



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- a. Go to "Status" > "Internet Connection" menu, and check Internet connection status.
 - b. Please be patient, sometime Internet is just that slow.
 - c. If you connect a computer to Internet directly before, try to do that again, and check if you can get connected to Internet with your computer directly attached to the device provided by your Internet service provider.
 - d. Check PPPoE / L2TP / PPTP user ID and password again.
 - e. Call your Internet service provide and check if there's something wrong with their service.
 - f. If you just can't connect to one or more website, but you can still use other internet services, please check URL/Keyword filter.
 - g. Try to reset the router and try again later.
 - h. Reset the device provided by your Internet service provider too.
 - i. Try to use IP address instead of hostname. If you can use IP address to communicate with a remote server, but can't use hostname, please check DNS setting.

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Question: I can't locate my router by my wireless client

- Answer:**
- a. "Broadcast ESSID" set to off?
 - b. All two antennas are properly secured.
 - c. Are you too far from your router? Try to get closer.
 - d. Please remember that you have to input ESSID on your wireless client manually, if ESSID broadcast is disabled.

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Question: File download is very slow or breaks frequently

- Answer:**
- a. Are you using QoS function? Try to disable it and try again.

- b.** Internet is slow sometimes, being patient.
 - c.** Try to reset the router and see if it's better after that.
 - d.** Try to know what computers do on your local network. If someone's transferring big files, other people will think Internet is really slow.
 - e.** If this never happens before, call you Internet service provider to know if there is something wrong with their network.
- =====

Question: I can't log onto web management interface: password is wrong

- Answer:**
- a.** Make sure you're connecting to the correct IP address of the router!
 - b.** Password is case-sensitive. Make sure the "Caps Lock" light is not illuminated.
 - c.** If you really forget the password, do a hard reset.
- =====

Question: Router become hot

- Answer:**
- a.** This is not a malfunction, if you can keep your hand on the router's case.
 - b.** If you smell something wrong or see the smoke coming out from router or A/C power adapter, please disconnect the router and A/C power adapter from utility power (make sure it's safe before you're doing this!), and call your dealer of purchase for help.
- =====

Question: The date and time of all event logs are wrong

Answer: Adjust the internal clock of router.

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10

Specifications

The specification of Traveler 3G is subject to change without notice. Please use the information with caution.

Hardware Specification

- SoC: Cavium 1104
- Flash: 4MB
- SDRAM: 32MB
- Ethernet Port: 10/100M UTP Port x 1
- USB Post : USB 2.0 Type A x 1 (3G), Mini USB x 1 (Power)
- Antenna: Internal Printed Antenna x 1 (1T1R)
- Power: 5VDC, 2A Switching Mini USB Type Power Adaptor
- Dimension: 16.8(H) x 70(W) x 100(D)mm
- Transmit Power: 11n: 14dBm \pm 1.5dBm, 11g: 14dBm \pm 1.5dBm, 11b: 17dBm \pm 1.5dBm,
- Temperature: 32~104°F (0 ~ 40°C)
- Humidity: 10-90% (NonCondensing)
- Certification: FCC, CE

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Glossary

The wireless network glossary contains explanation or information about common terms used in wireless networking products. Some of information in this glossary might be outdated, please use with caution.

Default Gateway (Router): Every non-router IP device needs to configure a default gateway's IP address. When the device sends out an IP packet, if the destination is not on the same network, the device has to send the packet to its default gateway, which will then send it out towards the destination.

DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol automatically gives every computer on your home network an IP address.

DNS Server IP Address: DNS stands for Domain Name System, which allows Internet servers to have a domain name (such as www.Portablerouter.com) and one or more IP addresses (such as 192.34.45.8). A DNS server keeps a database of Internet servers and their respective domain names and IP addresses, so that when a domain name is requested (as in typing "Portablerouter.com" into your Internet browser), the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server IP address used by the computers on your home network is the location of the DNS server your ISP has assigned to you.

DSL Modem: DSL stands for Digital Subscriber Line. A DSL modem uses your existing phone lines to transmit data at high speeds.

Ethernet: A standard for computer networks. Ethernet networks are connected by special cables and hubs, and move data around at up to 10/100 million bits per second (Mbps).

Idle Timeout: Idle Timeout is designed so that after there is no traffic to the Internet for a pre-configured amount of time, the connection will automatically be disconnected.

IP Address and Network (Subnet) Mask: IP stands for Internet Protocol. An IP address consists of a series of four numbers separated by periods, which identifies a single, unique Internet computer host in an IP network. Example: 192.168.2.1. It consists of 2 portions: the IP network address, and the host identifier.

The IP address is a 32-bit binary pattern, which can be represented as four cascaded decimal numbers separated by “.”: aaa.aaa.aaa.aaa, where each “aaa” can be anything from 000 to 255, or as four cascaded binary numbers separated by “.”: bbbbbbbb.bbbbbbbb.bbbbbbbb.bbbbbbbb, where each “b” can either be 0 or 1.

A network mask is also a 32-bit binary pattern, and consists of consecutive leading 1’s followed by consecutive trailing 0’s, such as:

11111111.11111111.11111111.00000000. Therefore sometimes a network mask can also be described simply as “x” number of leading 1’s.

When both are represented side by side in their binary forms, all bits in the IP address that correspond to 1’s in the network mask become part of the IP network address, and the remaining bits correspond to the host ID.

For example, if the IP address for a device is, in its binary form, 11011001.10110000.10010000.00000111, and if its network mask is, 11111111.11111111.11110000.00000000

It means the device’s network address is

11011001.10110000.10010000.00000000, and its host ID is, 00000000.00000000.00000000.00000111. This is a convenient and efficient method for routers to route IP packets to their destination.

ISP Gateway Address: (see ISP for definition). The ISP Gateway Address is an IP address for the Internet router located at the ISP’s office.

ISP: Internet Service Provider. An ISP is a business that provides connectivity to the Internet for individuals and other businesses or organizations.

LAN: Local Area Network. A LAN is a group of computers and devices connected together in a relatively small area (such as a house or an office). Your home network is considered a LAN.

MAC Address: MAC stands for Media Access Control. A MAC address is the hardware address of a device connected to a network. The MAC address is a unique identifier for a device with an Ethernet interface. It is comprised of two parts: 3 bytes of data that corresponds to the Manufacturer ID (unique for each manufacturer), plus 3 bytes that are often used as the product's serial number.

NAT: Network Address Translation. This process allows all of the computers on your home network to use one IP address. Using the portable router's NAT capability, you can access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP.

Port: Network Clients (LAN PC) uses port numbers to distinguish one network application/protocol over another. Below is a list of common applications and protocol/port numbers:

Application	Protocol	Port Number
Telnet	TCP	23
FTP	TCP	21
SMTP	TCP	25
POP3	TCP	110
H.323	TCP	1720
SNMP	UCP	161
SNMP Trap	UDP	162
HTTP	TCP	80
PPTP	TCP	1723
PC Anywhere	TCP	5631
PC Anywhere	UDP	5632

PPPoE: Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. Point-to-Point Protocol is a secure data transmission method originally created for dial-up connections; PPPoE is for Ethernet connections. PPPoE relies on two widely accepted standards, Ethernet and the Point-to-Point Protocol. It is a communications protocol for transmitting information over Ethernet between different manufacturers

Protocol: A protocol is a set of rules for interaction agreed upon between multiple parties so that when they interface with each other based on such a protocol, the interpretation of their behavior is well defined and can be made objectively, without confusion or misunderstanding.

Router: A router is an intelligent network device that forwards packets between different networks based on network layer address information such as IP addresses.

Subnet Mask: A subnet mask, which may be a part of the TCP/IP information provided by your ISP, is a set of four numbers (e.g. 255.255.255.0) configured like an IP address. It is used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network (as opposed to valid IP address numbers recognized by the Internet, which must be assigned by InterNIC).
TCP/IP, UDP: Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and Unreliable Datagram Protocol (UDP). TCP/IP is the standard protocol for data transmission over the Internet. Both TCP and UDP are transport layer protocol. TCP performs proper error detection and error recovery, and thus is reliable. UDP on the other hand is not reliable. They both run on top of the IP (Internet Protocol), a network layer protocol.

WAN: Wide Area Network. A network that connects computers located in geographically separate areas (e.g. different buildings, cities, countries). The Internet is a wide area network.

Web-based management Graphical User Interface (GUI): Many devices support a graphical user interface that is based on the web browser. This means the user can use the familiar Netscape or Microsoft Internet Explorer to Control/configure or monitor the device being managed.